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## QUEENSLAND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS COMMISSION

Industrial Relations Act 1999 - s. 698 - reprint of award

# **RABBIT BOARD EMPLOYEES AWARD - STATE 2003**

Following the Declaration of the General Ruling in the 2010 State Wage Case (matter numbers B/2010/20 and B/2010/21), the Rabbit Board Employees Award - State 2003 is hereby reprinted, pursuant to s. 698 of the *Industrial Relations Act 1999*.

I hereby certify that the Award contained herein is a true and correct copy of the Rabbit Board Employees Award - State 2003 as at 1 September 2010.

Dated 1 November 2010.

[L.S.] G.D. Savill Industrial Registrar

## **RABBIT BOARD EMPLOYEES AWARD - STATE 2003**

## **PART 1 - APPLICATION AND OPERATION**

Continuity of service - transfer of calling

## 1.1 Title

This Award is known as the Rabbit Board Employees Award - State 2003.

## 1.2 Arrangement

Subject Matter	Clause No.
PART 1 - APPLICATION AND OPERATION	
Title Arrangement Date of operation Coverage Definitions Area of operation Parties bound	1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7
PART 2 - FLEXIBILITY	
Enterprise flexibility	.2.1
PART 3 - COMMUNICATION, CONSULTATION AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION	
Consultation Grievance and dispute settling procedure	3.1 3.2
PART 4 - EMPLOYER AND EMPLOYEES' DUTIES, EMPLOYMENT RELATIONSHIP A ARRANGEMENTS	ND RELATED
Employment categories Part-time employment Incidental or peripheral tasks Anti-discrimination Termination of employment Introduction of changes Redundancy	4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7

4.8

# PART 5 - WAGES AND WAGE RELATED MATTERS

Definition of classifications Wage rates Allowances Payment of wages Superannuation PART 6 - HOURS OF WORK, BREAKS, OVERTIME, SHIFT WORK, WEEKEND WORK	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5
Hours of work Meal breaks Rest pauses Overtime	6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4
PART 7 - LEAVE OF ABSENCE AND PUBLIC HOLIDAYS	
Annual leave Sick leave Bereavement leave Long service leave Family leave Public holidays Jury service	7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4 7.5 7.6 7.7
PART 8 - TRANSFERS, TRAVELLING AND WORKING AWAY FROM USUAL PLACE OF WOR	кĸ
Accommodation	8.1
PART 9 - TRAINING AND RELATED MATTERS	
Training Commitment to training	9.1 9.2
PART 10 - OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY MATTERS, EQUIPMENT, TOOLS AND A	MENITIES
Employers to supply tools Wet weather First aid outfit Injury	10.1 10.2 10.3 10.4
PART 11 - AWARD COMPLIANCE AND UNION RELATED MATTERS	
Right of entry Time and wages records Union encouragement	11.1 11.2 11.3
1.3 Date of operation	
This Award takes effect from 28 April 2003	

This Award takes effect from 28 April 2003.

# 1.4 Coverage

This Award shall apply to all employers and their employees for whom classifications and rates of wages are contained in clause 5.2, engaged in or in connection with work associated with the control and/or elimination of rabbits in the State of Queensland.

# 1.5 Definitions

1.5.1 The "Act" means the Industrial Relations Act 1999 as amended or replaced from time to time.

- 1.5.2 "Commission" means the Queensland Industrial Relations Commission.
- 1.5.3 "Union" means The Australian Workers' Union of Employees, Queensland.

# 1.6 Area of operation

For the purposes of this Award, the Divisions and Districts are as follows:

1.6.1 Divisions

Northern Division - That portion of the State along or north of a line commencing at the junction of the sea coast with the 21st parallel of south latitude; then by that parallel of latitude due west to 147 degrees of east longitude; then by that meridian of longitude due south to 22 degrees 30 minutes of south latitude; then by that parallel of latitude due west to the western border of the State.

Mackay Division - That portion of the State within the following boundaries - commencing at the junction of the seacoast with the 21st parallel of south latitude thence by that parallel of latitude due west to 147 degrees of east longitude; then by that meridian of longitude due south to 22 degrees of south latitude; then by that parallel of latitude due east to the sea-coast; then by the sea-coast northerly to the point of commencement.

Southern Division - That portion of the State not included in the Northern or Mackay Divisions.

1.6.2 Districts

(a) Northern Division:

Eastern District - That portion of the Northern Division along or east of 144 degrees 30 minutes of east longitude.

Western District - The remainder of the Northern Division.

(b) Southern Division:

Eastern District - That portion of the Southern Division along or east of a line commencing at the junction of the southern border of the State with 150 degrees of east longitude; then by that meridian of longitude due north to 25 degrees of south latitude; then by that parallel of latitude due west to 147 degrees of east longitude; then by that meridian of longitude due north to the southern boundary of the Mackay Division.

Western District - The remainder of the Southern Division.

## 1.7 Parties bound

This Award is legally binding upon the employees as prescribed by clause 1.4 and their employers, and the Union and its members.

## PART 2 - FLEXIBILITY

## 2.1 Enterprise flexibility

- 2.1.1 As part of a process of improvement in productivity and efficiency, discussion should take place at each enterprise to provide more flexible working arrangements, improvement in the quality of working life, enhancement of skills, training and job satisfaction and to encourage consultative mechanisms across the workplace.
- 2.1.2 The consultative processes established in an enterprise in accordance with clause 2.1 may provide an appropriate mechanism for consideration of matters relevant to clause 2.1.1. Union delegates at the place of work may be involved in such discussions.
- 2.1.3 Any proposed genuine agreement reached between an employer and employee/s in an enterprise is contingent upon the agreement being submitted to the Commission in accordance with Chapter 6 of the Act and is to have no force or effect until approval is given.

## PART 3 - COMMUNICATION, CONSULTATION AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION

## 3.1 Consultation

The parties to this Award are committed to co-operating positively to increase the efficiency, productivity and competitiveness of the industries covered by this Award and to enhance the career opportunities and job security of employees of such industries.

## 3.2 Grievance and dispute settling procedure

The matters to be dealt with in this procedure shall include all grievances or disputes between an employee and an employer in respect to any industrial matter and all other matters that the parties agree on and are specified herein.

Such procedures shall apply to a single employee or to any number of employees.

- 3.2.1 In the event of an employee having a grievance or dispute the employee shall in the first instance attempt to resolve the matter with the immediate supervisor, who shall respond to such request as soon as reasonably practicable under the circumstances. Where the dispute concerns alleged actions of the immediate supervisor the employee/s may bypass this level in the procedure.
- 3.2.2 If the grievance or dispute is not resolved under clause 3.2.1, the employee or the employee's representative may refer the matter to the next higher level of management for discussion. Such discussion should, if possible, take place within 24 hours after the request by the employee or the employee's representative.
- 3.2.3 If the grievance involves allegations of unlawful discrimination by a supervisor the employee may commence the grievance resolution process by reporting the allegations to the next level of management beyond that of the supervisor concerned. If there is no level of management beyond that involved in the allegation the employee may proceed directly to the process outlined at clause 3.2.5.
- 3.2.4 If the grievance or dispute is still unresolved after discussions mentioned in clause 3.2.2, the matter shall, in the case of a member of the Union, be reported to the relevant officer of that Union and the senior management of the employer or the employer's nominated industrial representative. An employee who is not a member of the Union may report the grievance or dispute to senior management or the nominated industrial representative. This should occur as soon as it is evident that discussions under clause 3.2.2 will not result in resolution of the dispute.
- 3.2.5 If, after discussion between the parties, or their nominees mentioned in clause 3.2.4, the dispute remains unresolved after the parties have genuinely attempted to achieve a settlement thereof, then notification of the existence of the dispute is to be given to the Commission in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- 3.2.6 Whilst all of the above procedure is being followed, normal work shall continue except in the case of a genuine safety issue.
- 3.2.7 The *status quo* existing before the emergence of the grievance or dispute is to continue whilst the above procedure is being followed.
- 3.2.8 All parties to the dispute shall give due consideration to matters raised or any suggestion or recommendation made by the Commission with a view to the prompt settlement of the dispute.
- 3.2.9 Any Order or Decision of the Commission (subject to the parties' right of appeal under the Act) will be final and binding on all parties to the dispute.
- 3.2.10 Discussions at any stage of the procedure shall not be unreasonably delayed by any party, subject to acceptance that some matters may be of such complexity or importance that it may take a reasonable period of time for the appropriate response to be made. If genuine discussions are unreasonably delayed or hindered, it shall be open to any party to give notification of the dispute in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

# PART 4 - EMPLOYER AND EMPLOYEES' DUTIES, EMPLOYMENT RELATIONSHIP AND RELATED ARRANGEMENTS

## 4.1 Employment categories

4.1.1 Employees (other than casual employees) covered by this Award shall be advised in writing of their employment category upon appointment.

Employment categories are:

(a) full-time; or

(b) part-time (as prescribed in clause 4.2).

## 4.2 Part-time employment

- 4.2.1 Part-time employees may be engaged on the following terms:
  - (a) A part-time employee means a full-time employee who is engaged to work on pre-determined days of the week for a regular number of hours being more than 16 but less than 32 hours per week. Except as hereinafter provided, all conditions provided for permanent full-time employees shall apply to part-time employees.
  - (b) Part-time employees shall be paid an hourly rate equal to 1/38th of the full-time rate prescribed by this

Award for the classification under which they are engaged.

- (c) A part-time employee who works in excess of the ordinary daily or full-time hours prescribed in the contract of employment shall be paid overtime in accordance with clause 6.4 (Overtime).
- (d) Part-time employees shall be entitled to receive *pro rata* entitlements to annual leave, public holidays on which they would have been ordinarily rostered for work, sick leave, bereavement leave and long service leave, in accordance with the provisions contained in this Award.

## 4.3 Incidental or peripheral tasks

- 4.3.1 The employer may direct an employee to carry out such duties as are reasonably within the limits of the employee's skill, competence and training consistent with the classification structure of this Award provided that such duties are not designed to promote deskilling.
- 4.3.2 The employer may direct an employee to carry out such duties and use such tools and equipment as may be required:

Provided that the employee has been properly trained in the use of such tools and equipment (where relevant).

4.3.3 Any direction issued by the employer pursuant to clauses 4.3.1 and 4.3.2 shall be consistent with the employer's responsibilities to provide a safe and healthy working environment.

# 4.4 Anti-discrimination

- 4.4.1 It is the intention of the parties to this Award to prevent and eliminate discrimination as defined by the *Anti-Discrimination Act 1991* and the *Industrial Relations Act 1999* as amended from time to time which includes:
  - (a) discrimination on the basis of sex, marital status, family responsibilities, pregnancy, parental status, age, race, impairment, religion, political belief or activity, trade union activity, lawful sexual activity and association with, or relation to, a person identified on the basis of the above attributes;
  - (b) sexual harassment; and
  - (c) racial and religious vilification.
- 4.4.2 Accordingly, in fulfilling their obligations under the grievance and disputes settling procedure in clause 3.2, the parties to this Award must take reasonable steps to ensure that neither the Award provisions nor their operation are directly or indirectly discriminatory in their effects.
- 4.4.3 Under the *Anti-Discrimination Act 1991* it is unlawful to victimise an employee because the employee has made or may make or has been involved in a complaint of unlawful discrimination or harassment.
- 4.4.4 Nothing in clause 4.4 is to be taken to affect:
  - (a) any different treatment (or treatment having different outcomes) which is specifically exempted under the *Anti-Discrimination Act 1991*; or
  - (b) an employee, employer or registered organisation, pursuing matters of discrimination, including by application to the Human Rights and Equal Opportunity Commission/Anti-Discrimination Commission Queensland.

## 4.5 Termination of employment

4.5.1 Statement of employment

An employer shall, in the event of termination of employment, provide upon request to the employee who has been terminated a written statement specifying the period of employment and the classification or type of work performed by the employee.

## 4.5.2 *Termination by employer*

(a) An employer may dismiss an employee only if the employee has been given the following notice:

Period of Continuous Service	Period of Notice
Not more than 1 year	1 week
More than 1 year but not more than 3 years	2 weeks
More than 3 years but not more than 5 years	3 weeks

- (b) In addition to the notice in (a) above, employees 45 years old or over and who have completed at least two years' continuous service with the employer shall be entitled to an additional week's notice.
- (c) Payment in lieu of notice shall be made if the appropriate notice is not given:

Provided that employment may be terminated by part of the period of notice specified and part payment in lieu thereof.

- (d) In calculating any payment in lieu of notice the minimum compensation payable to an employee will be at least the total of the amounts the employer would have been liable to pay the employee if the employee's employment had continued until the end of the required notice period. The total must be worked out on the basis of:
  - (i) the ordinary working hours to be worked by the employee; and
  - (ii) the amounts payable to the employee for the hours including for example allowances, loadings and penalties; and
  - (iii) any other amounts payable under the employee's employment contract.
- (e) The period of notice in this clause shall not apply in the case of dismissal for misconduct or other grounds that justify instant dismissal, or in the case of a casual employee, or an employee engaged by the hour or day, or an employee engaged for a specific period or tasks.

## 4.5.3 Notice of termination by employee

The notice of termination required to be given by an employee shall be one week. If an employee fails to give notice, the employer shall have the right to withhold monies due to the employee with a maximum amount equal to the amount the employee would have received under clause 4.5.2(d) for a period of notice of one week.

## 4.5.4 *Time off during notice period*

During the period of notice of termination given by the employer, an employee shall be allowed up to one day's time off without loss of pay for the purpose of seeking other employment. This time off shall be taken at times that are convenient to the employee after consultation with the employer.

## 4.6 Introduction of changes

#### 4.6.1 Employer's duty to notify

- (a) Where an employer decides to introduce changes in production, program, organisation, structure or technology, that are likely to have significant effects on employees, the employer shall notify the employees who may be affected by the proposed changes and, where relevant, their Union or Unions.
- (b) 'Significant effects' includes termination of employment, major changes in the composition, operation or size of the employer's workforce or in the skills required; the elimination or diminution of job opportunities or job tenure; the alteration of hours of work; the need for retraining or transfer of employees to other work or locations and the restructuring of jobs:

Provided that where the Award makes provision for alteration of any of the matters referred to herein an alteration shall be deemed not to have significant effect.

#### 4.6.2 Employer's duty to consult over change

- (a) The employer shall consult the employees affected and, where relevant, their Union or Unions about the introduction of the changes, the effects the changes are likely to have on employees (including the number and categories of employees likely to be dismissed, and the time when, or the period over which, the employer intends to carry out the dismissals), and the ways to avoid or minimise the effects of the changes (e.g. by finding alternate employment).
- (b) The consultation must occur as soon as practicable after making the decision referred to in clause 4.6.1.
- (c) For the purpose of such consultation the employer shall provide in writing to the employees concerned and, where relevant, their Union or Unions, all relevant information about the changes including the nature of the changes proposed, the expected effects of the changes on employees, and any other matters likely to affect employees, provided that any employer shall not be required to disclose confidential information, the disclosure of which would be adverse to the employer's interests.

## 4.7 Redundancy

## 4.7.1 *Consultation before terminations*

- (a) Where an employer decides that the employer no longer wishes the job the employee has been doing to be done by anyone, and this is not due to the ordinary and customary turnover of labour, and that decision may lead to termination of employment, the employer shall consult the employee directly affected and where relevant, their Union or Unions.
- (b) The consultation shall take place as soon as it is practicable after the employer has made a decision, which will invoke the provisions of clause 4.7.1(a) and shall cover the reasons for the proposed terminations, measures to avoid or minimise the terminations and/or their adverse affects on the employees concerned.
- (c) For the purpose of the consultation the employer shall, as soon as practicable, provide in writing to the employees concerned and, where relevant, their Union or Unions, all relevant information about the proposed terminations including the reasons for the proposed terminations, the number and categories of employees likely to be affected, the number of workers normally employed and the period over which the terminations are likely to be carried out:

Provided that any employer shall not be required to disclose confidential information, the disclosure of which would be adverse to the employer's interests.

## 4.7.2 Transfer to lower paid duties

- (a) Where an employee is transferred to lower paid duties for reasons set out clause 4.7.1 the employee shall be entitled to the same period of notice of transfer as the employee would have been entitled to if the employee's employment had been terminated under clause 4.5.
- (b) The employer may, at the employer's option, make payment in lieu thereof of an amount equal to the difference between the former amounts the employer would have been liable to pay and the new lower amount the employer is liable to pay the employee for the number of weeks of notice still owing.
- (c) The amounts must be worked out on the basis of:
  - (i) the ordinary working hours to be worked by the employee; and
  - (ii) the amounts payable to the employee for the hours including for example, allowances, loadings and penalties; and
  - (iii) any other amounts payable under the employee's employment contract.
- 4.7.3 Transmission of business
  - (a) Where a business is, whether before or after the date of insertion of this clause in the Award transmitted from an employer (transmitter) to another employer (transmittee), and an employee who at the time of such transmission was an employee of the transmittor of the business, becomes an employee of the transmittee:
    - (i) the continuity of the employment of the employee shall be deemed not to have been broken by reason of such transmission; and
    - (ii) the period of employment which the employee has had with the transmittor or any prior transmittor shall be deemed to be service of the employee with the transmittee.
  - (b) In clause 4.7.3, 'business' includes trade, process, business or occupation and includes a part or subsidiary (which means a corporation that would be taken to be a subsidiary under the Corporations Law, whether or not the Corporations Law applies in the particular case) of any such business and 'transmission' includes transfer, conveyance, assignment or succession whether by agreement or by operation of law and 'transmitted' has a corresponding meaning.

## 4.7.4 Time off during notice period

- (a) Where a decision has been made to terminate an employee in the circumstances outlined in clause 4.7.1, the employee shall be allowed up to one day's time off without loss of pay during each week of notice for the purpose of seeking other employment.
- (b) If the employee has been allowed paid leave for more than one day during the notice period for the purpose of seeking other employment, the employee shall, at the request of the employer, be required to produce proof of attendance at an interview or the employee shall not receive payment for the time absent. For this purpose a statutory declaration will be sufficient.

Where a decision has been made to terminate employees in the circumstances outlined in clause 4.7.1, the employer shall notify Centrelink as soon as possible giving all relevant information about the proposed terminations, including a written statement of the reasons for the terminations, the number and categories of the employees likely to be affected, the number of workers normally employed and the period over which the terminations are intended to be carried out.

#### 4.7.6 *Severance pay*

(a) In addition to the period of notice prescribed for ordinary termination in clause 4.5.2(a), and subject to further order of the Commission, an employee whose employment is terminated for reasons set out in clause 4.7.1(a), shall be entitled to the following amounts of severance pay:

Period of Continuous Service	Severance Pay (weeks' pay)
Less than 1 year	nil
1 year but not more than 2 years	4
More than 2 years but not more than 3 years	6
More than 3 years but not more than 4 years	7
More than 4 years but not more than 5 years	8
More than 5 years but not more than 6 years	9
More than 6 years but not more than 7 years	10
More than 7 years but not more than 8 years	11
More than 8 years but not more than 9 years	12
More than 9 years but not more than 10 years	13
More than 10 years but not more than 11 years	14
More than 11 years but not more than 12 years	15
More than 12 years	16

(b) 'Weeks' Pay' means the ordinary time rate of pay for the employee concerned:

Provided that the following amounts are excluded from the calculation of the ordinary time rate of pay: overtime, penalty rates, disability allowances, shift allowances, special rates, fares and travelling time allowances, bonuses and any other ancillary payments.

## 4.7.7 Superannuation benefits

An employer may make an application to the Commission for relief from the obligation to make severance payments in circumstances where:

- (a) the employer has contributed to a superannuation scheme which provides a particular benefit to an employee in a redundancy situation; and
- (b) the particular benefit to the employee is over and above any benefit the employee might obtain from any legislative scheme providing for superannuation benefits (currently the federal Superannuation Guarantee levy) or an award based superannuation scheme.

## 4.7.8 Employee leaving during notice

An employee whose employment is terminated for reasons set out in clause 4.7.1(a), may terminate such employment during the period of notice, and, if so, shall be entitled to the same benefits and payments under this clause had such employee remained with the employer until the expiry of such notice:

Provided that in such circumstances the employee shall not be entitled to payment in lieu of notice.

## 4.7.9 Alternative employment

An employer, in a particular case, may make application to the Commission to have the general severance pay prescription amended if the employer obtains acceptable alternative employment for an employee.

## 4.7.10 Employees with less than one year's service

Clause 4.7 shall not apply to employees with less than one year's continuous service and the general obligation on employers should be no more than to give relevant employees an indication of the impending redundancy at the first reasonable opportunity, and to take such steps as may be reasonable to facilitate the obtaining by the employees of suitable alternative employment.

## 4.7.11 Employees exempted

- (a) where employment is terminated as a consequence of misconduct on the part of the employee; or
- (b) to employees engaged for a specific period or task(s); or
- (c) to casual employees.

## 4.7.12 Employers exempted

- (a) Subject to an order of the Commission, in a particular redundancy case, clause 4.7 shall not apply to an employer including a company or companies that employ employees working a total of fewer than 550 hours on average per week, excluding overtime, Monday to Sunday. The 550 hours shall be averaged over the previous 12 months.
- (b) A 'company' shall be defined as:
  - (i) a company and the entities it controls; or
  - (ii) a company and its related company or related companies; or
  - (iii) a company where the company or companies has a common Director or common Directors or a common shareholder or common shareholders with another company or companies.

# 4.7.13 Exemption where transmission of business

- (a) The provisions of clause 4.7.6 are not applicable where a business is before or after the date of the insertion of this clause into the Award, transmitted from an employer (transmittor) to another employer (transmittee), in any of the following circumstances:
  - (i) where the employee accepts employment with the transmittee which recognises the period of continuous service which the employee had with the transmittor, and any prior transmittor, to be continuous service of the employee with the transmittee; or
  - (ii) where the employee rejects an offer of employment with the transmittee:
    - (A) in which the terms and conditions are substantially similar and no less favourable, considered on an overall basis, than the terms and conditions applicable to the employee at the time of ceasing employment with the transmittor; and
    - (B) which recognises the period of continuous service which the employee had with the transmittor and any prior transmittor to be continuous service of the employee with the transmittee.
- (b) The Commission may amend clause 4.7.13(a)(ii) if it is satisfied that it would operate unfairly in a particular case, or in the instance of contrived arrangements.

# 4.7.14 Incapacity to pay

An employer in a particular redundancy case may make application to the Commission to have the general severance pay prescription amended on the basis of the employer's incapacity to pay.

# 4.8 Continuity of service - transfer of calling

In cases where a transfer of calling occurs, continuity of service should be determined in accordance with sections 67-71 of the Act, as amended from time to time.

# PART 5 - WAGES AND WAGE RELATED MATTERS

## 5.1 Definition of classifications

# 5.1.1 "General Construction and Maintenance Worker Grade I"

A person employed as a general construction and maintenance worker Grade I shall be a person who is engaged in the erection of rabbit proof fences and/or the clearing of grass from rabbit proof fences and/or the maintenance of rabbit proof fences and/or the riding of horses to maintain a check of any breakages and/or deterioration in the rabbit proof fences and/or any work associated with the control and/or elimination

# 5.2 Wage rates

5.2.1 Subject to clause 5.2 the minimum rates of wages payable to the following classes of employees in the Southern Division Eastern District shall be:

	Award Rate
Classification	Per Week
	\$
General construction and maintenance worker Grade 1	609.80

Provided that any new employee who is undertaking training shall receive a full-time wage of not less than 75% of the rate for the general construction and maintenance worker Grade I, for a period not exceeding 8 months:

Provided further that the training rate shall not apply to those employees who are adequately skilled to perform the duties of the general construction and maintenance worker Grade I.

NOTE: The rates of pay in this Award are intended to include the arbitrated wage adjustment payable under the 1 September 2010 Declaration of General Ruling and earlier Safety Net Adjustments and arbitrated wage adjustments. This arbitrated wage adjustment may be offset against any equivalent amount in rates of pay received by employees whose wages and conditions of employment are regulated by this Award which are above the wage rates prescribed in the Award. Such payments include wages payable pursuant to certified agreements, currently operating enterprise flexibility agreements, Queensland workplace agreements, award amendments to give effect to enterprise agreements and overaward arrangements. Absorption which is contrary to the terms of an agreement is not required.

Increases made under previous State Wage Cases or under the current Statement of Principles, excepting those resulting from enterprise agreements, are not to be used to offset arbitrated wage adjustments.

For the purpose of deciding the rate of wages of employees who are working on or in charge of fences running from one district to another, such employees shall be paid according to the rate prescribed for the district that contains the greater portion of the fence which such employees are working on or in charge of.

## 5.2.2 Divisional and district parities

Employees employed outside the Eastern District of the Southern Division shall be paid the following amounts in addition to the rates of wages prescribed by this clause for employees employed within that District:

	Per week
	\$
Northern Division, Eastern District	1.05
Northern Division, Western District	3.25
Mackay Division	0.90
Southern Division, Western District	1.05

#### 5.3 Allowances

## 5.3.1 *Horse allowances*

(a) An employee required to provide their own horses shall be entitled to the following allowances:

	Per
	week
	\$
First horse	3.16
Second horse	3.16
Equipment needed for horses	2.50

(b) All necessary horseshoes and shoeing requisites shall be supplied by the employer free of charge:

Provided that any employee required to shoe their own horse shall be allowed to do so in the employer's time or alternatively overtime rates as prescribed by this Award shall be paid.

(c) The employer shall supply fodder for employee's horses whenever this is considered necessary by such person appointed by the Board as an inspector or sub-inspector.

## 5.3.2 Vehicle allowance

(a) Employees who in the course of their duties are required by the Board to drive their own motor vehicles shall be paid an allowance on the following scale:

Vehicle under 12 horsepower	18.8
Vehicle 12 to 18 horsepower	24.0
Vehicle 18 horsepower and over	26.4

(b) Further, those employees who in the course of their duties are required to use their own motor cycles shall be paid an allowance on the following scale:

	Per kilometre
	¢
Motor cycle under 250cc	8.7
Motor cycle over 250cc	18.8

## 5.4 Payment of wages

- 5.4.1 Except upon the termination of employment all wages including overtime and allowances shall be paid on any day in each pay cycle.
- 5.4.2 Payment of wages shall be made fortnightly at the discretion of the employer by one of the following means:

(a) cash;

(b) cheque; or

- (c) payment directly into an employee's nominated bank account, credit union or building society account without cost to the employee.
- 5.4.3 Where an employee is paid in cash, payment for work performed during such a pay cycle shall not be held by the employer for a period in excess of 2 days.

## 5.5 Superannuation

5.5.1 *Application* - In addition to the rates of pay prescribed by this Award, eligible employees, as defined herein, shall be entitled to occupational superannuation benefits, subject to the provisions of clause 5.5.

## 5.5.2 Contributions

(a) Amount - As from 1 January 2005 every employer shall contribute on behalf of each eligible employee an amount calculated at 9% of the employee's ordinary time earnings, into an approved fund, as defined in this clause. Each such payment of contributions shall be rounded off to the nearest ten (10) cents:

Provided that where an employee is absent and is receiving by way of workers' compensation an amount of money no less than the award rate of pay the contribution shall be calculated at 3%.

- (b) Regular payment The employer shall pay such contributions to the credit of each such employee at least once each calendar month or in accordance with the requirements of the approved fund trust deed.
- (c) Minimum level of earnings As from 1 January 2005 no employer shall be required to pay superannuation contributions on behalf of any eligible employee in respect of any month during which the employee's ordinary time earnings, as defined, is less than \$450.00.
- (d) Absences from work Contributions shall continue to be paid on behalf of an eligible employee during any absence on paid leave such as annual leave, long service leave, public holidays, sick leave and bereavement leave, but no employer shall be required to pay superannuation contributions on behalf of any eligible employee during any unpaid absences except in the case of absence on workers' compensation.
- (e) Other contributions Nothing in clause 5.5 shall preclude an employee from making contributions to a fund in accordance with the provisions thereof.
- (f) Cessation of contributions An employer shall not be required to make any further contributions on behalf of an eligible employee for any period after the end of the ordinary working day upon which the contract of employment ceases to exist.
- (g) No other deductions No additional amounts shall be paid by the employer for the establishment, administration, management or any other charges in connection with the fund other than the remission of contributions as prescribed in clause 5.5.

- (a) "Approved fund" means a fund approved for the purposes of this Award by the Commission as one to which occupational superannuation contributions may be made by an employer on behalf of an employee, as required by this Award. Such approved fund may be individually named or may be identified by naming a particular class or category.
- (b) "Eligible employee" shall mean any employee who has been employed by the employer during 5 consecutive weeks and who has worked a minimum of 50 hours during that period. After completion of the above qualifying period, superannuation contributions shall then be made in accordance with clause 5.5.2 effective from the commencement of that qualifying period.
- (c) "Fund" means a superannuation fund satisfying the Commonwealth legislation for occupational superannuation funds and satisfying the superannuation fund conditions in relation to a year of income, as specified in the relevant Act and complying with the operating standards as prescribed by Regulations made under the relevant Act. In the case of a newly established fund, the term shall include a superannuation fund that has received a notice of preliminary listing from the Insurance and Superannuation Commissioner.
- (d) "Ordinary time earnings" shall mean the actual ordinary rate of pay the employee receives for ordinary hours of work including shift loading and leading hand, in-charge or supervisory allowances where applicable. The term includes any overaward payment as well as casual rates received for ordinary hours of work. Ordinary time earnings shall not include overtime, disability allowances, commission, bonuses, lump sum payments made as a consequence of the termination of employment, annual leave loading, penalty rates for public holiday work, fares and travelling time allowances or any other extraneous payments of a like nature.
- 5.5.4 For the purposes of this Award an approved fund means
  - (a) Sunsuper.
  - (b) Austsafe.
  - (c) Any named fund as is agreed to between the relevant employer/Union parties to this Award and as recorded in an approved Industrial Agreement.
  - (d) In the case of a minority group of employees of a particular employer, any industry, multi-industry or other fund which has been approved in an Award of, or an Agreement approved by, an Industrial Tribunal, whether State or Federal jurisdiction, and already has practical application to the majority of Award employees of that employer.
  - (e) As to employees who belong to the religious fellowship known as the Brethren, who hold a Certificate issued pursuant to section 115 of the Act and are employed by an employer who also belongs to that fellowship, any fund nominated by the employer and approved by the Brethren.
  - (f) Any fund agreed between an employer and an employee who holds a Certificate issued pursuant to section 115 of the Act where membership of a fund cited in an award would be in conflict with the conscientious beliefs of that employee in terms of section 115 of the Act.
  - (g) In relation to any particular employer, any other established fund to which that employer was already actually making regular and genuine contributions in accordance with clause 5.5.2 on behalf of at least a significant number of that employer's employees covered by this Award as at 29 September 1989 and continues to make such contributions:

Provided that the making of a deposit, an initial or other contributions subsequent to 29 September 1989, but on a retrospective basis, in respect of any period up to and including 29 September 1989, shall not under any circumstances bring a fund within the meaning of this provision. The mere signing and submission of any nomination for membership documents to trustees of a fund prior to 29 September 1989 does not bring a fund within the meaning of this provision.

- (h) The employer and employee may agree to have the employee's superannuation contributions made to an approved superannuation fund, other than those specified in this Award.
  - (i) Any such agreement must be recorded in writing and signed by the employer and employee and kept on the employee's file.
  - (ii) A person must not coerce someone else to make an agreement.
  - (iii) Such agreement, where made, will continue until such time as the employer and employee agree otherwise, and shall be made available to relevant persons for the purposes of sections 371 and 373 (inspection of time and wage records) of the Act.

- (iv) Any dispute arising out of this process will be handled in accordance with the grievance and dispute settling procedure as contained in clause 3.2.
- 5.5.5 Challenge of a fund
  - (a) An eligible employee being a member or a potential member of a fund, as well as the Union may by notification of a dispute challenge a fund on the grounds that it does not meet the requirements of clause 5.5.
  - (b) Notwithstanding that the Commission determines that a particular fund does not meet the requirements of clause 5.5, the Commission may in its discretion and subject to any recommendation, direction or order it may make, recognise any or all of the contributions previously made to that fund as having met the requirements or part thereof of clause 5.5.2 up to and including the date of that determination.
  - (c) In the event of any dispute over whether any fund complies with the requirements of clause 5.5, the onus of proof shall rest upon the employer.

## 5.5.6 Fund selection

- (a) No employer shall be required to make or be prevented from making, at any one time, contributions into more than one approved fund. Such fund, other than a fund referred to in clauses 5.5.4(c), (d), (e), (f), (g) and (h) shall be determined by a majority decision of employees.
- (b) Employees to whom these provisions apply who as at the date of this variation are members of an established fund covered by clause 5.5.4(g) shall have the right by majority decision to choose to have the contributions specified in clause 5.5.2 paid into a fund as provided for elsewhere in clause 5.5.4 in lieu of the established fund to which clause 5.5.4(g) has application.
- (c) The initial selection of a fund recognised in clause 5.5.4 shall not preclude a subsequent decision by the majority of employees in favour of another fund recognised under that clause where the long term performance of the fund is clearly disappointing.
- (d) Where clause 5.5.6 has been utilised and as a result another approved fund is determined, access to a further re-appraisal of the fund for the purpose of favouring yet another fund shall not be available until a period of 3 years has elapsed after that utilisation:

Provided that the provisions of clause 5.5.6 do not preclude the making at any time of an Industrial Agreement within the terms of clause 5.5.4(c).

#### 5.5.7 Enrolment

- (a) Each employer to whom clause 5.5 applies shall as soon as practicable as to both current and future eligible employees:
  - (i) notify each employee of their entitlement to occupational superannuation;
  - (ii) consult as may be necessary to facilitate the selection by employees of an appropriate fund within the meaning of clause 5.5.4;
  - (iii) take all reasonable steps to ensure that upon the determination of an appropriate fund each eligible employee, receives, completes, signs and returns the necessary application forms provided by the employer to enable that employee to become a member of the fund; and
  - (iv) submit all completed application forms and any other relevant material to the trustees of the fund.
- (b) Each employee upon becoming eligible to become a member of a fund determined in accordance with clause 5.5 shall:
  - (i) complete and sign the necessary application forms to enable that employee to become a member of that fund; and
  - (ii) return such forms to the employer within 28 days of receipt in order to be entitled to the benefit of the contributions prescribed in clause 5.5.2.
- (c) Where an employer has complied with the requirements of clause 5.5.7(a) and an eligible employee fails to complete, sign and return the application form/s within 28 days of the receipt by them of that form/s, then that employer shall:
  - (i) advise an eligible employee in writing of the non-receipt of the application form/s and further advise the

eligible employee that continuing failure to complete, sign and return such form/s within 14 days could jeopardise their entitlement to the occupational superannuation benefit prescribed by clause 5.5;

- (ii) in the event that an eligible employee fails to complete, sign and return such application form/s within the specified period of 14 days be under no obligation to make any occupational superannuation contributions in respect of such eligible employee excepting as from any subsequent date from which completed and signed application form/s is received by the employer;
- (iii) in the event that an eligible employee fails to return a completed and signed application form/s within a period of six months from the date of the original request by the employer, again advise that eligible employee in writing of the entitlement and that the receipt by the employer of a completed and signed application form/s is a pre-requisite to the payment of any occupational superannuation contributions;
- (iv) At the same time as advising the eligible employee pursuant to clause 5.5.7(c)(iii) submit both to the Chief Industrial Inspector, Brisbane and to the Secretary of an Industrial Organization of employees whose registered callings incorporate the classification of the eligible employee a copy of each letter forwarded by them to the eligible employee pursuant to clauses 5.5.7(c)(i) and 5.5.7(c)(iii).
- (d) Where an employer fails to provide an eligible employee with an application form/s in accordance with clause 5.5.7(a)(iii) the employer shall be obliged to make contributions as from the date of operation of clause 5.5 or from the date an employee became an "eligible employee" if that occurs thereafter provided that an eligible employee completes, signs and returns to the employer an application form/s within 28 days of being provided with the application form/s by the employer. Where an eligible employee fails to complete, sign and return an application form/s within such period of 28 days the provisions of clause 5.5.7(c) shall apply.

#### 5.5.8 Unpaid Contributions

Subject to Chapter 11, Part 2, Division 5 of the Act and to clause 5.5.5, where the discretion of the Commission has been exercised, should it be established that the employer has failed to comply with the requirements of clause 5.5.2 in respect of any eligible employee such employer shall be liable to make the appropriate contributions retrospectively to the date of eligibility of the employee, plus an amount equivalent to the rate of return those contributions would have attracted in the relevant approved fund, or as necessary a fund to be determined by the Commission under clause 5.5.5, had they been paid on the due dates.

The making of such contributions satisfies the requirements of clause 5.5 excepting that resort to clause 5.5.8 shall not limit any common law action which may be available in relation to death, disablement or any similar cover existing within the terms of a relevant fund.

#### 5.5.9 *Exemptions*

An employer may apply to the Commission for exemption from all or any of the provisions of clause 5.5 in the following circumstances:

- (a) Incapacity to pay the costs associated with its implementation, or
- (b) Any special or compelling circumstances peculiar to the business of the employer.

#### PART 6 - HOURS OF WORK, BREAKS, OVERTIME, SHIFT WORK, WEEKEND WORK

#### 6.1 Hours of work

- 6.1.1 Day workers:
  - (a) Subject to clause 6.1.2 (Working of a 38 hour week), and subject to the exceptions hereinafter provided, the ordinary hours of work shall be an average of 38 per week, to be worked on one of the following bases:
    - (i) 38 hours within a work cycle not exceeding 7 consecutive days; or
    - (ii) 76 hours within a work cycle not exceeding 14 consecutive days; or
    - (iii) 114 hours within a work cycle not exceeding 21 consecutive days; or
    - (iv) 152 hours within a work cycle not exceeding 28 consecutive days.
  - (b) The ordinary hours of work prescribed herein shall not exceed 10 hours on any one day and shall be worked on any 5 out of 7 days, Monday and Sunday inclusive.

#### 6.1.2 Working of a 38-hour week

- (a) The 38 hour week shall be implemented on one of the following bases, most suitable to each employer, after consultation with, and giving reasonable consideration to the wishes of the employees concerned:
  - (i) By employees working less than 8 ordinary hours each day; or
  - (ii) By employees working less than 8 ordinary hours on one or more days each work cycle; or
  - (iii) By fixing one or more work days on which all employees will be off during a particular work cycle; or
  - (iv) By rostering employees off on various days of the week during a particular work cycle, so that each employee has one work day off during that cycle.
- (b) Employees may agree that the ordinary hours of work are to exceed 8 on any day, thus enabling more than one work day to be taken off during a particular work cycle.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision in clause 6.1.2, where the arrangement of ordinary hours of work provides for a rostered day off, the employer and the majority of employees concerned may agree to accrue up to a maximum of 5 rostered days off. Where such agreement has been reached, the accrued rostered days off shall be taken within 12 calendar months of the date on which the first rostered day off was accrued. Consent to accrue rostered days off shall not be unreasonably withheld by either party.
- (d) Different methods of implementation of the 38 hour week may apply to individual employees, groups or sections of employees.
- 6.1.3 Procedures for individual employer discussions
  - (a) The employer and its employees concerned shall consult over the most appropriate means of implementing and working a 38 hour week.
  - (b) The objective of such consultation shall be to reach agreement on the method of implementing and working the 38 hour week.
  - (c) The outcome of such consultation shall be recorded in writing.
  - (d) In cases where agreement cannot be reached as a result of consultation between the parties, either party may request the assistance or advice of the Union or the respective employer industrial organization.
  - (e) Notwithstanding the consultative procedures outlined above, and notwithstanding any lack of agreement by employees, the employer shall have the right to make the final determination as to the method by which the 38 hour week is implemented or worked from time to time.
  - (f) After implementation of the 38 hour week, upon giving 7 days' notice or such shorter period as may be mutually agreed upon, the method of working the 38 hour week may be altered, from time to time, following negotiations between the employeer and employees concerned, utilising the provisions of clause 6.1.

## 6.2 Meal breaks

- 6.2.1 Not less than 30 minutes and not more than one hour shall be allowed for the midday meal on each day. Such meal break shall be taken between the fourth and sixth hours after commencing work.
- 6.2.2 Where an employee is required to work through their meal break, the employee shall be paid for the time so worked at the rate of double time and such double time shall continue to be paid until such time as the employee is allowed not less than a 30 minute paid crib break or until cessation of work for the day.
- 6.2.3 Any employee who is required to continue working for more than 2 hours after the normal ceasing time on any one day shall be provided with an adequate meal by their employer at no cost to the employee or paid an amount of \$9.60 in lieu thereof:

Provided that where an employee has been provided with a meal because of receipt of notice to work overtime and such overtime is not worked, the employee shall be paid \$9.60 for any meal so provided.

## 6.3 Rest pauses

6.3.1 Where practicable, every employee covered by this Award shall be entitled to a rest pause of 10 minutes' duration in the employer's time in the first and second half of the working day. Such rest pauses shall be taken at such times so as will not interfere with the continuity of work where continuity is necessary:

Provided that where there is agreement between the employer and the majority of employees concerned, the rest pauses may be combined into one 20 minute rest pause to be taken in the first part of the ordinary working day, with such 20 minute rest pause and the meal break arranged in such a way that the ordinary working day is broken up into 3 approximately equal working periods.

6.3.2 Consent to combine the rest pauses shall not be unreasonably withheld by either party.

## 6.4 Overtime

6.4.1 All time worked in excess of or outside the ordinary working hours on any day, or in excess of 38 hours in any one week shall be paid for at the rate of time and a-half for the first 3 hours and double time thereafter: Provided that if employees are required to work overtime on Saturday, they shall be paid at the rate of time and a-half for the first 3 hours work or payment therefor:

Provided further that all overtime worked on a Sunday shall be paid for at the rate of double time, with a minimum of 2 hours work or payment therefor.

6.4.2 Clause 6.4.1 shall only apply when overtime on Saturday or Sunday is authorised by an inspector or supervisor.

## 6.4.3 *Time off in lieu of overtime*

Subject to mutual agreement in writing between the employee and the employer, an employee may be compensated for working overtime in lieu of payment by being allowed time off equivalent to the prescribed penalty rate.

Such time off shall be allowed and taken within 28 days of the overtime being worked, or paid out to the employee.

# PART 7 - LEAVE OF ABSENCE AND PUBLIC HOLIDAYS

## 7.1 Annual leave

7.1.1 Every employee covered by this Award shall at the end of each year of their employment be entitled to annual leave on full pay of 4 weeks.

For the purposes of clause 7.1 "year of employment" shall mean and include any year of employment completed on or after 3 December 1973.

- 7.1.2 Such annual leave shall be exclusive of any public holiday which may occur during the period of that annual leave and (subject to clause 7.1.5) shall be paid for by the employer in advance:
  - (a) In the case of any and every employee in receipt immediately prior to that holiday of ordinary pay at a rate in excess of the ordinary rate payable under this Award, at that excess rate; and
  - (b) In every other case, at the ordinary rate payable to the employee concerned immediately prior to that leave.
- 7.1.3 If the employment of any employee is terminated at the expiration of a full year of employment, the employer shall be deemed to have given the holiday to the employee from the date of the termination of the employment and shall forthwith pay to the employee in addition to all other amounts due the employee's pay, calculated in accordance with clause 7.1.5, for 4 weeks and also their ordinary pay for any public holiday occurring during such period of 4 weeks.
- 7.1.4 If the employment of any employee is terminated before the expiration of a full year of employment, such employee shall be paid, in addition to all other amounts due to them, an amount equal to 1/12th of their pay for the period of their employment calculated in accordance with clause 7.1.5.

Reasonable notice shall be given to each employee of such annual holiday becoming due.

## 7.1.5 Calculation of annual leave pay

In respect to annual leave entitlements to which clause 7.1 applies, annual leave pay (including any proportionate payments) shall be calculated as follows:

- (a) Shift workers Subject to clause 7.1.5(c) the rate of wage to be paid to a shift worker shall be the rate payable for work in ordinary time according to the employee's roster or projected roster, including Saturday, Sunday or public holiday shifts.
- (b) Leading hands, etc Subject to clause 7.1.5(c), leading hand allowances and amounts of a like nature otherwise payable for ordinary time worked shall be included in the wages to be paid to employees during

annual leave.

- (c) All employees Subject to the provisions of clause 7.1.5(d), in no case shall the payment by an employer to an employee be less than the sum of the following amounts:
  - (i) the employee's ordinary wage rate as prescribed by the Award for the period of the annual leave (excluding shift premiums and week-end penalty rates);
  - (ii) leading hand allowance or amounts of a like nature;
  - (iii) A further amount calculated at the rate of 17 1/2% the amounts referred to in clauses 7.1.5(c)(i) and 7.1.5(c)(ii).
- (d) Clause 7.1.5(c) does not apply to:
  - (i) any period or periods of annual leave exceeding 4 weeks;
  - (ii) Employers (and their employees) who are already paying (or receiving) an annual leave bonus, loading or other annual holiday payment which is not less favourable to employees.

## 7.2 Sick leave

#### 7.2.1 Entitlement

- (a) Every employee except school-based apprentices and trainees is entitled to 60.8 hours' sick leave for each completed year of their employment with their employer.
- (b) This entitlement will accrue at the rate of 7.6 hours' sick leave after each 6 weeks of employment.
- (c) Payment for sick leave will be made based on the number of hours which would have been worked by the employee if the employee were not absent on sick leave.
- (d) Sick Leave may be taken for part of a day.
- (e) Sick leave shall be cumulative, but unless the employer and employee otherwise agree, no employee shall be entitled to receive, and no employer shall be bound to make, payment for more than 13 weeks' absence from work through illness in any one year.
- (f) Part-time employees accrue sick leave on a proportional basis.

#### 7.2.2 Employee must give notice.

The payment of sick leave is subject to the employee promptly advising the employer of the employee's absence and its expected duration.

#### 7.2.3 Evidence supporting a claim

When the employee's absence is for more than 2 days the employee is required to give their employer a doctor's certificate, or other reasonably acceptable evidence, about the nature and approximate duration of the illness.

## 7.2.4 Accumulated sick leave

An employee's accumulated sick leave entitlements are preserved when:

- (a) The employee is absent from work on unpaid leave granted by the employer;
- (b) The employer or employee terminates the employee's employment and the employee is re-employed within 3 months;
- (c) The employee's employment is terminated because of illness or injury and the employee is re-employed by the same employer without having been employed in the interim.

The employee accumulates sick leave entitlements whilst absent from work on paid leave granted by the employer.

## 7.2.5 Workers' compensation

Where an employee is in receipt of workers' compensation, the employee is not entitled to payment of sick leave.

## 7.3 Bereavement leave

## 7.3.1 Full-time and part-time employees

Full-time and part-time employees shall, on the death of a member of their immediate family or household in Australia be entitled to paid bereavement leave up to and including the day of the funeral of such person. Such leave shall be without deduction of pay for a period not exceeding the number of hours worked by the employee in 2 ordinary days of work. Proof of such death is to be furnished by the employee to the satisfaction of the employer.

- 7.3.2 "Immediate family" includes:
  - (a) A spouse (including a former spouse, a *de facto* spouse and a former *de facto* spouse, spouse of the same sex) of the employee; and
  - (b) A child or an adult child (including an adopted child, a foster child, an ex-foster child, a stepchild or an exnuptial child), parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of the employee or spouse of the employee.

7.3.3 Unpaid leave

An employee with the consent of the employer, may apply for unpaid leave when a member of the employee's immediate family or household in Australia dies and the period of bereavement leave entitlement provided above is insufficient.

# 7.4 Long service leave

All employees covered by this Award are entitled to long service leave on full pay under, subject to, and in accordance with, the provisions of Chapter 2, Part 3, sections 42-58 of the Act as amended from time to time.

# 7.5 Family leave

The provisions of the Family Leave Award apply to and are deemed to form part of this Award.

- 7.5.1 It is to be noted that:
  - (a) part-time work can be performed by agreement in the circumstances specified in the Family Leave Award;
  - (b) a copy of the Family Leave Award is required to be displayed in accordance with section 697 of the Act.
- 7.5.2 The Family Leave Award also provides for the terms and conditions of leave associated with:
  - (a) Maternity leave
  - (b) Parental leave
  - (c) Adoption leave
  - (d) Special responsibility leave for the care and support of the employee's immediate family or household.

## 7.6 Public holidays

- 7.6.1 Subject to clause 7.6.6 all work done by any employee on:
  - the 1st January;
  - the 26th January;
  - Good Friday;
  - Easter Saturday (the day after Good Friday);
  - Easter Monday;
  - the 25th April (Anzac Day);
  - The Birthday of the Sovereign;
  - Christmas Day;
  - Boxing Day; or
  - any day appointed under the Holidays Act 1983, to be kept in place of any such holiday

will be paid for at the rate of double time and a-half with a minimum of 4 hours.

## 7.6.2 Labour Day

All employees covered by this Award shall be entitled to be paid a full day's wage for Labour Day (the first Monday in

May or other day appointed under the *Holidays Act 1983*, to be kept in place of that holiday) irrespective of the fact that no work may be performed on such day, and if any employee concerned actually works on Labour Day, such employee shall be paid a full day's wage for that day and in addition a payment for the time actually worked at one and one-half times the ordinary rate prescribed for such work with a minimum of 4 hours.

## 7.6.3 Annual show

All work done by an employee in a district specified from time to time by the Minister by notification published in the *Gazette* or the *Queensland Government Industrial Gazette* on the day appointed under the *Holidays Act 1983*, to be kept as a holiday in relation to the annual agricultural, horticultural or industrial show held at the principal city or town, as specified in such notification, of such district, shall be paid for at the rate of double time and a-half.

All time worked on any of the aforesaid holidays outside the ordinary starting and ceasing times prescribed by this Award for the day of the week on which such holiday falls shall be paid for at double the rate prescribed by the Award for such time when worked outside the ordinary starting and ceasing times on an ordinary working day.

# 7.6.4 Double time and a-half

For the purposes of clause 7.6 "double time and a-half" means 1 1/2 day's wages in addition to the employee's ordinary time rate of pay or *pro rata* if there is more or less than a day.

## 7.6.5 Stand down

Any and every employee who, having been dismissed or stood down by their employer during the month of December in any year, shall be re-employed by that employer at any time before the end of the month of January in the next succeeding year shall, if that employee shall have been employed by that employer for a continuous period of 2 weeks or longer immediately prior to being so dismissed or stood down, be entitled to be paid and shall be paid by their employer (at the wage rate payable to that employee when so dismissed or stood down) for any one or more of the following holidays, namely Christmas Day, Boxing Day, and the first day of January occurring during the period on and from the date of their dismissal or standing down to and including the date of their re-employment as aforesaid.

## 7.6.6 Substitution

Where there is agreement between the majority of employees concerned and the employer, and subject to any statutory limitations, all employees or any employee may substitute any other ordinary working days for the public holidays specified in clause 7.6:

Provided that where an employee is subsequently required to work on any such substituted day, the employee shall be paid the rate applicable for the holiday that has been substituted.

# 7.7 Jury service

- (a) An employee, other than a casual employee, required to attend for jury service during their ordinary working hours shall be reimbursed by the employer an amount equal to the difference between the amount paid in respect of their attendance for such jury service and the ordinary pay the employee would have been paid if the employee was not absent on jury service.
- (b) Alternatively, by agreement, fees (other than meal allowance) received by the employee to attend jury service will be paid to the employer and the employer will continue to pay the employee their ordinary pay for the time the employee was absent on jury service.
- (c) Employees shall notify their employer as soon as practicable of the date upon which they are required to attend for jury service and shall provide their employer with proof of such attendance, the duration of such attendance and the amount received in respect thereof.
- (d) If the employee is not required to serve on a jury for a day or part of a day after attending for jury service and the employee would ordinarily be working for all or part of the remaining day, the employee must, if practicable, present for work at the earliest reasonable opportunity.
- (e) "Ordinary pay" means the rate of pay that an employee would normally expect to receive for working ordinary hours on an ordinary day of the week, including any over-award payment. "Ordinary pay" excludes overtime, penalty rates of all types - including those attaching to working ordinary hours (for example) on a Saturday, disability allowances, shift allowances, special rates, fares and travelling time allowances, bonuses and other ancillary payments of a like nature.

## PART 8 - TRANSFERS, TRAVELLING AND WORKING AWAY FROM USUAL PLACE OF WORK

- 8.1.1 Where in the performance of their work it is necessary for an employee to live in a camp provided by the employer either because there are no reasonable transport facilities to enable such employee to travel to and from their home each day or because such employee is directed by the employer to live in such camp, then such employee shall be paid a camping allowance of \$13.80 for each day (including Saturday and Sunday) they live in camp.
- 8.1.2 An employee who returns home or is otherwise absent from camp for not more than 2 nights during such week but does not absent themselves from the job shall nevertheless be deemed to live in camp during the week and shall be entitled to the allowance for 5 days.
  - (a) All employees shall be supplied by the employer with fit and proper sleeping and dining accommodation, and cooking utensils, free of charge.
  - (b) Every employer shall also provide for each such worker a wire stretcher together with mattress and pillow and outside loose detachable washable mattress and pillow covers, which shall comply with the following requirements.
  - (c) The mattress as aforesaid shall be of a minimum size of 193 cm long, 76 cm wide, 10cm deep with filling material enclosed in good quality striped ticking or such other material as the Chief Inspector of Workers' Accommodation may approve in any particular case as being equally suitable, double stitched all around or machine rolled all around.
  - (d) Such mattress shall contain filling which shall comply with some one of the following requirements as to type, and weight namely:
    - (i) Carbonised wool, 10 kg. net of filling.
    - (ii) Garnetted wool, 10 kg. net of filling.
    - (iii) Garnetted cotton, 10 kg. net of filling.
    - (iv) Java or Siamese kapok, 7.25 kg. net of filling.
    - (v) Woollen flock, 10.9 kg. net of filling.
    - (vi) The mixture of any of the abovementioned materials net weight of filling, 10 kg.
    - (vii) Fibre, 8.16 kg. net of filling.
    - (viii) Such other materials as may be from time to time approved by the Chief Inspector of Workers' Accommodation by notice in the *Government Gazette* as being equally suitable.
  - (e) Such mattress shall be tufted with leather cotton, wicking or felt tufts, equally spaced with 3 rows of 5 tufts and 2 rows of 4 tufts, so that a total of not less than 23 tufts in all are fixed to each side of the mattress.
  - (f) Such pillows as aforesaid shall be of good quality and filled with some one of the fillings referred to in clause 8.1.2(e).
  - (g) Such outside loose washable covers as aforesaid:
    - (i) shall be of good quality;
    - (ii) shall be made of either light-weight duck or strong calico or of such other material as the Chief Inspector of Workers' Accommodation may approve in any particular case as being equally suitable;
    - (iii) shall be maintained in clean order and condition; and
    - (iv) shall be washed after being used by any person prior to being issued to any other worker:

Provided that canvas stretchers at present in use or in stock shall be used until worn out.

- 8.1.3 The employer shall also include delf plates and delf mugs in the table utensils provided.
- 8.1.4 Adequate artificial light for all reasonable domestic purposes shall be provided by the employer free of charge in the kitchen and for the lighting of the dining room.
- 8.1.5 For the purpose of clause 8.1, candle light shall not be deemed to be adequate. Where kerosene lamps are used

in the huts, each employee shall be provided with one suitable lamp and kerosene.

- 8.1.6 Each mattress, pillow and cover and all utensils and lamps will be given up by the employees clean and in good condition (reasonable wear and tear excepted) and any deficiency, breakage, or other damage shall be charged against the earnings of the employee or employees concerned.
- 8.1.7 Where it is found necessary for any employee to camp away from the barracks or hut accommodation, all tents and other camping utensils shall be provided by the employer free of charge.
- 8.1.8 In the case of married employees while living or stationed on the fence, it shall be the duty of the employer to provide sufficient accommodation for the employee and partner free of charge.
- 8.1.9 Every employee shall be allowed the fare and reasonable travelling expenses actually paid from the place of engagement to the place of employment or any amount equal to the minimum fare payable, whichever is the greater, provided the employee faithfully fulfils their duties for not less than 3 months or such lesser period of time for which they may have been engaged. If the employee faithfully fulfils their duties for not less than 12 months, or for the whole of such lesser period of time for which they may have been engaged the employee shall be allowed their return fare and reasonable travelling expenses:

The employer shall have the right to make their own arrangements for the conveyance of the employee.

## **PART 9 - TRAINING AND RELATED MATTERS**

#### 9.1 Training

- 9.1.1 The parties to this Award recognise that in order to increase the efficiency and productivity of the enterprise and also the national and international competitiveness of the industries covered by this award, a greater commitment to training and skill development is required. Accordingly, the parties commit themselves to:
  - (a) developing a more highly skilled and flexible workforce;
  - (b) providing employees with career opportunities through appropriate training to acquire additional skills; and
  - (c) removing barriers to the use of skills acquired.

#### 9.2 Commitment to training

- 9.2.1 Following proper consultation, the employer shall develop a training policy and programme consistent with:
  - (a) the current and future skills needs of the enterprise;
  - (b) the size, structure, and nature of the operations of the enterprise; and
  - (c) the need to develop vocational skills relevant to the enterprise and the industry through courses conducted by appropriate educational institutions and training providers.

#### 9.2.2 Various costs associated with training

(a) Where, as a result of consultation, it is agreed by the employer that additional training in accordance with the programme developed in accordance with clause 9.2.1 should be undertaken by an employee, that training may be undertaken either on or off-the-job:

Provided that if the training is undertaken during ordinary working hours the employee concerned shall not suffer any loss of pay. The employer shall not unreasonably withhold such paid training leave.

(b) Any costs associated with standard fees for prescribed courses and textbooks (excluding those textbooks which are available in the employer's technical library) incurred in connection with the undertaking of training shall be reimbursed by the employer upon production of evidence of such expenditure:

Provided that reimbursement shall be on an annual basis, subject to the presentation of reports of satisfactory progress.

- (c) Travel costs incurred by an employee undertaking training in accordance with clause 9.2 which exceed those normally incurred in travelling to and from work shall be reimbursed by the employer.
- 9.2.3 Clauses 9.2.1 and 9.2.2 shall operate as interim provisions and shall be reviewed after 12 months operation.

#### PART 10 - OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY MATTERS, EQUIPMENT, TOOLS AND

## AMENITIES

## **10.1** Employers to supply tools

All tools required shall be supplied by the employer to the employees; but the employees shall be liable for damage done to such tools wilfully or by reason of negligence.

## 10.2 Wet weather

- 10.2.1 All time lost through wet weather shall be paid for provided the employees turn up on the work and hold themselves in readiness. The supervising officer or other person under whose direction the employees are working shall decide whether or not it is too wet to work. It shall be a breach of this Award for the person under whose direction the employees are working to continue such employees at work in the rain until their clothes become saturated.
- 10.2.2 When employees are prevented by wet weather from following their usual avocation, unless the employees are willing to perform during such wet weather any work the employer may direct them to do they shall not be entitled to payment for such time lost.
- 10.2.3 When an employee is required to perform work in the rain and by so doing gets their clothes wet, they shall be paid double rates for all work so performed. Such payment shall continue until such time as the employee finishes work or is able to change into dry clothing.

## 10.2.4 Waterproof clothing

Employees who are compelled to work in wet weather shall be supplied with oilskin coats or other suitable covering.

## 10.3 First aid outfit

The employer shall provide, at each hut in which an employee resides, a suitable first-aid outfit for use in case of accident.

## 10.4 Injury

When an employee is injured seriously or falls seriously ill at work, the employer shall provide means of getting them to the nearest hospital or pay expenses of transmission to the hospital.

## PART 11 - AWARD COMPLIANCE AND UNION RELATED MATTERS

#### Preamble

Clauses 11.1 and 11.2 replicate legislative provisions contained within the Act. In order to ensure the currency of existing legal requirements parties are advised to refer to sections 366, 372 and 373 of the Act as amended from time to time.

## 11.1 Right of entry

#### 11.1.1 Authorised industrial officer

- (a) An "Authorised industrial officer" is any Union official holding a current authority issued by the Industrial Registrar.
- (b) Right of entry is limited to workplaces where the work performed falls within the registered coverage of the Union.

#### 11.1.2 Entry procedure

- (a) The authorised industrial officer is entitled to enter the workplace during normal business hours as long as:
  - (i) the authorised industrial officer alerts the employer or other person in charge of the workplace to their presence; and
  - (ii) shows their authorisation upon request.
- b) Clause 11.1.2(a)(i) does not apply if the authorised industrial officer establishes that the employer or other person in charge is absent.
- (c) A person must not obstruct or hinder any authorised industrial officer exercising their right of entry.

- (d) If the authorised industrial officer intentionally disregards a condition of clause 11.1.2 the authorised industrial officer may be treated as a trespasser.
- 11.1.3 Inspection of records
  - (a) An authorised industrial officer is entitled to inspect the time and wages record required to be kept under section 366 of the Act.
  - (b) An authorised industrial officer is entitled to inspect such time and wages records of any former or current employee except if the employee:
    - (i) is ineligible to become a member of the Union; or
    - (ii) is a party to a QWA or ancillary document, unless the employee has given written consent for the records to be inspected; or
    - (iii) has made a written request to the employer that the employee does not want the employee's record inspected.
  - (c) The authorised industrial officer may make a copy of the record, but cannot require any help from the employer.
  - (d) A person must not coerce an employee or prospective employee into consenting, or refusing to consent, to the inspection of their records by an authorised industrial officer.

#### 11.1.4 Discussions with employees

An authorised industrial officer is entitled to discuss with the employer, or a member or employee eligible to become a member of the Union:

- (a) matters under the Act during working or non-working time; and
- (b) any other matter with a member or employee eligible to become a member of the Union, during non-working time.

#### 11.1.5 Conduct

An authorised industrial officer must not unreasonably interfere with the performance of work in exercising a right of entry.

#### 11.2 Time and wages records

- 11.2.1 An employer must keep, at the place of work in Queensland, a time and wages record that contains the following particulars for each pay period for each employee, including apprentices and trainees:
  - (a) the employee's award classification;
  - (b) the employer's full name;
  - (c) the name of the Award under which the employee is working;
  - (d) the number of hours worked by the employee during each day and week, the times at which the employee started and stopped work, and details of work breaks including meal breaks;
  - (e) a full-time, daily or hourly wage rate details of the wage rate for each week, day, or hour at which the employee is paid;
  - (f) the gross and net wages paid to the employee;
  - (g) details of any deductions made from the wages; and
  - (h) contributions made by the employer to a superannuation fund.
- 11.2.2 The time and wages record must also contain:
  - (a) the employee's full name and address;

- (b) the employee's date of birth;
- (c) details of sick leave credited or approved, and sick leave payments to the employee;
- (d) the date when the employee became an employee of the employer;
- (e) if appropriate, the date when the employee ceased employment with the employer; and
- (f) if a casual employee's entitlement to long service leave is worked out under section 47 of the Act the total hours, other than overtime, worked by the employee since the start of the period to which the entitlement relates, worked out to and including 30 June in each year.
- 11.2.3 The employer must keep the record for 6 years.
- 11.2.4 Such records shall be open to inspection during the employer's business hours by an inspector of the Department of Industrial Relations, in accordance with section 371 of the Act, or an Authorised Industrial Officer in accordance with sections 372 and 373 of the Act.

## 11.3 Union encouragement

Clause 11.3 gives effect to section 110 of the Act in its entirety. Consistent with section 110 a Full Bench of the Commission has issued a Statement of Policy on Union Encouragement (reported 165 QGIG 221) that encourages an employee to join and maintain financial membership of an organisation of employees that has the right to represent the industrial interests of the employees concerned.

## 11.3.1 Documentation to be provided by employer

At the point of engagement, an employer to whom this Award applies shall provide employees with a document indicating that a Statement of Policy on Union Encouragement has been issued by the Commission, a copy of which is to be kept on the premises of the employer in a place readily accessible by each employee.

The document provided by the employer shall also identify the existence of a union encouragement clause in this Award.

#### 11.3.2 Union delegates

Union delegates and job representatives have a role to play within a workplace. The existence of accredited union delegates and/or job representatives is encouraged.

The employer shall not unnecessarily hinder accredited Union delegates and/or job representatives in the reasonable and responsible performance of their duties.

#### 11.3.3 Deduction of union fees

Where arrangements can be entered into, employers are encouraged to provide facilities for the deduction and remittance of Union fees for employees who signify in writing to their employer, their desire to have such membership fees deducted from their wages.

Dated 27 February 2003.

By the Commission, [L.S.] E. EWALD, Industrial Registrar.

Operative Date: 28 April 2003