CITATION: Confectioners' Award - South Eastern Division 2003 Reprint of Award - 10 December 2009 <http://www.qirc.qld.gov.au>

QUEENSLAND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS COMMISSION

Industrial Relations Act 1999 - s. 698 - reprint of award

CONFECTIONERS' AWARD - SOUTH-EASTERN DIVISION 2003

Pursuant to s. 698 of the *Industrial Relations Act 1999*, Confectioners' Award - South Eastern Division 2003 with all amendments as at 10 December 2009, is hereby reprinted.

I hereby certify that the Award contained herein is a true and correct copy of the Confectioners' Award - South Eastern Division 2003 as at 10 December 2009.

Dated 10 December 2009.

G.D. Savill Industrial Registrar

CONFECTIONERS' AWARD - SOUTH-EASTERN DIVISION 2003

Clause No.

3.1

PART 1 - APPLICATION AND OPERATION

1.1 Title

This Award is known as the Confectioners' Award - South Eastern Division 2003.

1.2 Arrangement

Subject matter

PART 1 - APPLICATION AND OPERATION

| Title | 1.1 |
|----------------------|-----|
| Arrangement | 1.2 |
| Operation | 1.3 |
| Coverage | 1.4 |
| Definitions | 1.5 |
| Area of operation | 1.6 |
| Parties bound | 1.7 |
| | |
| PART 2 - FLEXIBILITY | |

| Enterprise flexibility | | 2.1 |
|------------------------|--|-----|
| | | |

PART 3 - COMMUNICATION, CONSULTATION AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION

| Grievance and dispute settling procedur | res |
|---|-----|
|---|-----|

PART 4 - EMPLOYER AND EMPLOYEES' DUTIES, EMPLOYMENT RELATIONSHIP AND RELATED ARRANGEMENTS

| Contract of employment | 4.1 |
|--------------------------------|------|
| Mixed functions | 4.2 |
| Employment categories | 4.3 |
| Part-time employment | 4.4 |
| Casual employment | 4.5 |
| Trainees | 4.6 |
| Incidental or peripheral tasks | 4.7 |
| Anti-discrimination | 4.8 |
| Termination of employment | 4.9 |
| Introduction of changes | 4.10 |
| Redundancy | 4.11 |

| Subject matter | Clause No. |
|--|--|
| Transmission of business - continuity of service | 4.12 |
| PART 5 - WAGES AND WAGE RELATED MATTERS | |
| Definition of classifications Skilled duties Wage rates Payment of wages Allowances Superannuation | 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 |
| PART 6 - HOURS OF WORK, BREAKS, OVERTIME, SHIFT WORK, WEEKEND WORK | |
| Hours of work Implementation of 38 hour week 38 hour week - procedures for enterprise level discussions Meal breaks Rest pauses Overtime Sunday work | 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 6.7 |
| PART 7 - LEAVE OF ABSENCE AND PUBLIC HOLIDAYS | |
| Annual leave Sick leave Bereavement leave Long service leave Family leave Public holidays Trade Union training leave Jury service | 7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4 7.5 7.6 7.7 7.8 |
| PART 8 - TRANSFERS, TRAVELLING AND WORKING AWAY FROM USUAL PLACE OF WORK | |
| There are no provisions in this Part. | |
| PART 9 - TRAINING AND RELATED MATTERS | |
| Training | 9.1 |
| PART 10 - OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY MATTERS, EQUIPMENT, TOOLS AND AM | ENITIES |
| Amenities First aid Occupational health and safety | 10.1 10.2 10.3 |
| PART 11 - AWARD COMPLIANCE AND UNION RELATED MATTERS | |
| Right of entry Time and wage records Union encouragement | 11.1 11.2 11.3 |
| SCHEDULE 1 LIST OF EMPLOYERS WITH SECOND TIER ORDERS. | |
| 1.3 Operation | |
| This Award takes effect from 24 March 2003. | |

1.4 Coverage

This Award shall apply to employers and employees employed in or in connection with the manufacture of confectionery.

As to the employers named in Schedule 1 to this Award, the provisions of the Award are modified in accordance with the requirements of the Order listed in the Schedule.

1.5 Definitions

- 1.5.1 "Act" means the Industrial Relations Act 1999 as amended or replaced from time to time
- 1.5.2 "Bulk or Novelty Dippers" means employees who at one operation dip or cover a number of confections in or with chocolate or other materials, by means of wire frames, strainers, or other utensils, or those filling in or turning out chocolate goods moulding in or on metal.
- 1.5.3 "Casual" means an employee appointed as such who in any one week, works less than the ordinary working hours applicable to permanent employees.
- 1.5.4 "Chocolate Dippers" means employees engaged in dipping by hand, spoon or fork goods in chocolate, or covering by hand, spoon or fork goods with chocolate.
- 1.5.5 "Commission" means the Queensland Industrial Relations Commission.
- 1.5.6 "General Work" means any work in the confectionery industry other than skilled duties, and shall include any labouring work done in a factory.
- 1.5.7 "General Workers" means employees engaged in General Work.
- 1.5.8 "Senior" means any employee 21 years of age or over.
- 1.5.9 "Skilled Confectioners" means Seniors, other than apprentices doing any skilled duty.
- 1.5.10 "Storeworkers and Packers" or "Storeworkers or Packers" means any Senior employees employed wholly or partly in assembling or packing goods for transit or delivery and attending to customers and shall also include storeworkers responsible for the receipt, storage and distribution of raw products.
- 1.5.11 "Union" means the National Union of Workers Industrial Union of Employees Queensland.

1.6 Area of operation

This Award shall apply within the following boundaries:

- (a) Commencing at Point Danger, and bounded by the southern boundary of the State westerly to 151 degrees of east longitude;
- (b) Then by that degree of longitude bearing true north to 24 degrees 30 minutes of south latitude;
- (c) Then by that parallel of latitude bearing true east to the sea-coast;
- (d) Then by the sea-coast southerly to the point of commencement.

1.7 Parties bound

This award is legally binding upon the employees as prescribed by clause 1.4 and their employers, and the National Union of Workers Industrial Union of Employees Queensland and its members.

PART 2 - FLEXIBILITY

2.1 Enterprise flexibility

- 2.1.1 As part of a process of improvement in productivity and efficiency, discussion should take place at each enterprise to provide more flexible working arrangements, improvement in the quality of working life, enhancement of skills, training and job satisfaction and to encourage consultative mechanisms across the workplace.
- 2.1.2 The consultative processes established in an enterprise in accordance with clause 2.1 may provide an appropriate mechanism for consideration of matters relevant to clause 2.1.1. Union delegates at the place of work may be involved in such discussions.
- 2.1.3 Any proposed genuine agreement reached between an employer and employee/s in an enterprise is contingent upon the agreement being submitted to the Commission in accordance with Chapter 6 of the Act and is to have no force or effect until approval is given.

PART 3 - COMMUNICATION, CONSULTATION AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION

3.1 Grievance and dispute settling procedures

The matters to be dealt with in this procedure shall include all grievances or disputes between an employee and an employer in respect to any industrial matter and all other matters that the parties agree on and are specified. Such procedures shall apply to a single employee or to any number of employees.

- 3.1.1 In the event of an employee having a grievance or dispute the employee shall in the first instance attempt to resolve the matter with the immediate supervisor, who shall respond to such request as soon as reasonably practicable under the circumstances. Where the dispute concerns alleged actions of the immediate supervisor the employee/s may bypass this level in the procedure.
- 3.1.2 If the grievance or dispute is not resolved under clause 3.1.1, the employee or the employee's representative may refer the matter to the next higher level of management for discussion. Such discussion should, if possible, take place within 24 hours after the request by the employee or the employee's representative.
- 3.1.3 If the grievance involves allegations of unlawful discrimination by a supervisor the employee may commence the grievance resolution process by reporting the allegations to the next level of management beyond that of the supervisor concerned. If there is no level of management beyond that involved in the allegation the employee may proceed directly to the process outlined at clause 3.1.5.
- 3.1.4 If the grievance or dispute is still unresolved after discussions mentioned in clause 3.1.2, the matter shall, in the case of a member of the Union, be reported to the relevant officer of that Union and the Senior management of the employer or the employer's nominated industrial representative. An employee who is not a member of the Union may report the grievance or dispute to Senior management or the nominated industrial representative. This should occur as soon as it is evident that discussions under clause 3.1.2 will not result in resolution of the dispute.
- 3.1.5 If, after discussion between the parties, or their nominees mentioned in clause 3.1.4, the dispute remains unresolved after the parties have genuinely attempted to achieve a settlement thereof, then notification of the existence of the dispute is to be given to the Commission in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- 3.1.6 Whilst all of the above procedure is being followed, normal work shall continue except in the case of a genuine safety issue.
- 3.1.7 The *status quo* existing before the emergence of the grievance or dispute is to continue whilst the above procedure is being followed.
- 3.1.8 All parties to the dispute shall give due consideration to matters raised or any suggestion or recommendation made by the Commission with a view to the prompt settlement of the dispute.
- 3.1.9 Any Order or Decision of the Commission (subject to the parties right of appeal under the Act) will be final and binding on all parties to the dispute.
- 3.1.10 Discussions at any stage of the procedure shall not be unreasonably delayed by any party, subject to acceptance that some matters may be of such complexity or importance that it may take a reasonable period of time for the appropriate response to be made. If genuine discussions are unreasonably delayed or hindered, it shall be open to any party to give notification of the dispute in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

PART 4 - EMPLOYER AND EMPLOYEES' DUTIES, EMPLOYMENT RELATIONSHIP AND RELATED ARRANGEMENTS

4.1 Contract of employment

To become entitled to payment of a weekly wage, an employee must perform such work as the employer shall from time to time require on the days and during the hours usually worked by the class of employee affected and in accordance with the terms of this Award.

- 4.1.1 An employer may direct an employee to carry out such duties as are within the limits of the employee's skill, competence and training consistent with the classification structure of this Award, provided that such duties are not designed to promote deskilling.
- 4.1.2 An employer may direct an employee to carry out such duties and use such tools and equipment as may be required provided that the employee has been properly trained in the use of such tools and equipment.
- 4.1.3 Any direction issued by an employer pursuant to clause 4.1 shall be consistent with the employer's

responsibilities to provide a safe and healthy working environment.

- 4.1.4 Except in circumstances where clause 4.9 (Termination of employment) and clause 4.10 (Introduction of changes) apply and except in the case of Casual employees, the engagement shall be a weekly one, terminable by one week's notice on either side or payment or forfeiture of one week's wages. The week's notice shall not be continued from week to week, not counted as annual leave and it shall not be given until at least one week has been worked.
- 4.1.5 Any employee who is incompetent or guilty of misconduct, dishonesty or drunkenness may be dismissed at any time without notice and without payment in lieu of notice.
- 4.1.6 In the application of clause 4.1.5, the provisions of clause 3.1 (Grievance and dispute settling procedures) shall apply.

4.2 Mixed functions

Where any employee on any one day performs 2 or more classes of work to which a differential rate fixed by this Award is applicable, such employee, if employed for more than 4 hours on the class or classes of work carrying a higher rate, shall be paid in respect of the whole time during which the employee works on that day at the same rate, which shall be at the highest rate fixed by this Award in respect of any such classes of work, and if employed for 4 hours or less on the class or classes of work carrying a higher rate the employee shall be paid at such highest rate for 4 hours.

4.3 Employment categories

- 4.3.1 Employees covered by this Award shall be advised in writing of their employment category upon appointment.
- 4.3.2 Employment categories are:
 - (a) full-time;
 - (b) part-time (as prescribed in clause 4.4); or
 - (c) Casual (as prescribed in clause 4.5).

4.4 Part-time employment

Part-time employees may be engaged on the following terms:

- 4.4.1 A part-time employee is an employee who:
 - (a) is employed for not less than 15 ordinary hours per week and for not more than 38 ordinary hours per week;
 - (b) is rostered for a minimum of 3 consecutive hours on any shift or day; and
 - (c) is rostered to work hours on days in accordance with the Award provisions for full-time employees.
- 4.4.2 At the time of engagement the employer and the part-time employee will agree in writing the number of ordinary hours to be worked each week. For the purpose of determining the regularity or otherwise of the hours, the parties may agree to averaging ordinary hours over a period of four weeks.
- 4.4.3 Any agreed variation to the number of ordinary weekly hours worked will be recorded in writing.
- 4.4.4 All time worked outside of the ordinary daily and weekly hours specified in the employee's roster will be overtime and paid for at the rates prescribed in clause 6.6 (Overtime).
- 4.4.5 A part-time employee employed under clause 4.4 must be paid for ordinary hours worked at the rate of 1/38th of the weekly rate prescribed for the class of work performed.
- 4.4.6 A part-time employee will receive, on a *pro rata* basis, equivalent pay and conditions to those of full-time employees.
- 4.4.7 Where a public holiday falls on a day upon which a part-time employee is normally employed, that employee shall be paid the appropriate rate for the number of hours normally worked on that day. An employee's roster will not be altered to avoid this obligation.
- 4.4.8 Where an employee and the employer agree in writing, part-time employment may be converted to full-time, and vice-versa. If such an employee transfers from full-time to part-time (or vice versa), all accrued award and

legislative entitlements shall be maintained. Following transfer to part-time employment accrual will occur in accordance with the provisions relevant to part-time employment.

- 4.4.9 Subject to clause 4.4, all other provisions of the Award relevant to full-time employees shall apply to part-time employees.
- 4.4.10 *Rest Pauses* Part-time employees working at least 7.6 ordinary hours on any one day shall be entitled to a rest pause of 10 minutes' duration in the employers' time during the first and second half of their working day. Employees who work a minimum of 4 consecutive ordinary hours on any day (but less than 7.6 ordinary hours) shall be entitled to one rest pause of 10 minutes duration in the employer's time.

4.5 Casual employment

Casual employees shall be paid 23% in addition to the rates prescribed.

4.6 Trainees

Trainees are engaged under this Award, except as amended from time to time by the Order for Apprentices' and Trainees' Wages and Conditions (Excluding Certain Queensland Government Entities).

4.7 Incidental or peripheral tasks

Employees within each classification are to perform a wider range of duties including work which is incidental or peripheral to their main tasks or functions.

4.8 Anti-discrimination

- 4.8.1 It is the intention of the parties to this Award to prevent and eliminate discrimination as defined by the *Anti-Discrimination Act 1991* and the *Industrial Relations Act 1999* as amended from time to time which includes:
 - (a) discrimination on the basis of sex, marital status, family responsibilities, pregnancy, parental status, age, race, impairment, religion, political belief or activity, trade union activity, lawful sexual activity and association with, or relation to, a person identified on the basis of any of the above attributes;
 - (b) sexual harassment; and
 - (c) racial and religious vilification.
- 4.8.2 Accordingly, in fulfilling their obligations under the grievance and disputes settling procedure in clause 3.1, the parties to this Award must take reasonable steps to ensure that neither the Award provisions nor their operation are directly or indirectly discriminatory in their effects.
- 4.8.3 Under the *Anti-Discrimination Act 1991* it is unlawful to victimise an employee because the employee has made or may make or has been involved in a complaint of unlawful discrimination or harassment.
- 4.8.4 Nothing in clause 4.8 is to be taken to affect:
 - (a) any different treatment (or treatment having different outcomes) which is specifically exempted under the *Anti-Discrimination Act 1991*;
 - (b) an employee, employer or registered organisation, pursuing matters of discrimination, including by application to the Human Rights and Equal Opportunity Commission/Anti-Discrimination Commission Queensland.

4.9 Termination of employment

4.9.1 Statement of employment

An employer shall, in the event of termination of employment, provide upon request to the employee who has been terminated a written statement specifying the period of employment and the classification or type of work performed by the employee.

4.9.2 *Termination by employer*

(a) An employer may dismiss an employee only if the employee has been given the following notice:

| Not more than 1 year | 1 week |
|---|---------|
| More than 1 year but not more than 3 years | 2 weeks |
| More than 3 years but not more than 5 years | 3 weeks |
| More than 5 years | 4 weeks |

- (b) In addition to the notice in (a) above, employees 45 years old or over and who have completed at least 2 years' continuous service with the employer shall be entitled to an additional week's notice.
- (c) Payment in lieu of notice shall be made if the appropriate notice is not given:

Provided that employment may be terminated by part of the period of notice specified and part payment in lieu thereof.

- (d) In calculating any payment in lieu of notice the minimum compensation payable to an employee will be at least the total of the amounts the employer would have been liable to pay the employee if the employee's employment had continued until the end of the required notice period. The total must be worked out on the basis of:
 - (i) the ordinary working hours to be worked by the employee; and
 - (ii) the amounts payable to the employee for the hours including for example allowances, loadings and penalties; and
 - (iii) any other amounts payable under the employee's employment contract.
- (e) The period of notice in this clause shall not apply in the case of dismissal for misconduct or other grounds that justify instant dismissal, or in the case of a casual employee, or an employee engaged by the hour or day, or an employee engaged for a specific period or tasks.

4.9.3 Notice of termination by employee

The notice of termination required to be given by an employee shall be one week. If an employee fails to give notice the employer shall have the right to withhold monies due to the employee with a maximum amount equal to the ordinary time rate for the period of the notice.

4.9.4 Notice Period

The notice periods in clause 4.9.2 and 4.9.3 shall not be continued from week to week, nor counted as annual leave and shall not be given until at least one week has been worked.

4.9.5 *Time off during notice period*

During the period of notice of termination given by the employer, an employee shall be allowed up to one day's time off without loss of pay for the purpose of seeking other employment. This time off shall be taken at times that are convenient to the employee after consultation with the employer.

4.10 Introduction of changes

4.10.1 Employer's duty to notify

- (a) Where an employer decides to introduce changes in production, program, organisation, structure or technology, that are likely to have significant effects on employees, the employer shall notify the employees who may be affected by the proposed changes and, where relevant, their Union or Unions.
- (b) 'Significant effects' includes termination of employment, major changes in the composition, operation or size of the employer's workforce or in the skills required; the elimination or diminution of job opportunities or job tenure; the alteration of hours of work; the need for retraining or transfer of employees to other work or locations and the restructuring of jobs:

Provided that where the Award makes provision for alteration of any of the matters referred to herein an alteration shall be deemed not to have significant effect.

4.10.2 Employer's duty to consult over change

(a) The employer shall consult the employees affected and, where relevant, their Union or Unions about the introduction of the changes, the effects the changes are likely to have on employees (including the number and categories of employees likely to be dismissed, and the time when, or the period over which, the employer intends to carry out the dismissals), and the ways to avoid or minimise the effects of the changes (e.g. by finding alternative employment).

- (b) The consultation must occur as soon as practicable after making the decision referred to in clause 4.10.1.
- (c) For the purpose of such consultation the employer shall provide in writing to the employees concerned and, where relevant, their Union or Unions, all relevant information about the changes including the nature of the changes proposed, the expected effects of the changes on employees, and any other matters likely to affect employees:

Provided that any employer shall not be required to disclose confidential information, the disclosure of which would be adverse to the employer's interests.

4.11 Redundancy

4.11.1 Consultation before terminations

- (a) Where an employer decides that the employer no longer wishes the job the employee has been doing to be done by anyone, and this is not due to the ordinary and customary turnover of labour, and that decision may lead to termination of employment, the employer shall consult the employee directly affected and where relevant, their Union or Unions.
- (b) The consultation shall take place as soon as it is practicable after the employer has made a decision, which will invoke the provisions of clause 4.11.1(a) and shall cover the reasons for the proposed terminations, measures to avoid or minimise the terminations and/or their adverse effects on the employees concerned.
- (c) For the purpose of the consultation the employer shall, as soon as practicable, provide in writing to the employees concerned and, where relevant, their Union or Unions, all relevant information about the proposed terminations including the reasons for the proposed terminations, the number and categories of employees likely to be affected, the number of workers normally employed and the period over which the terminations are likely to be carried out:

Provided that any employer shall not be required to disclose confidential information, the disclosure of which would be adverse to the employer's interests.

4.11.2 *Transfer to lower paid duties*

- (a) Where an employee is transferred to lower paid duties for reasons set out clause 4.11.1 the employee shall be entitled to the same period of notice of transfer as the employee would have been entitled to if the employee's employment had been terminated under clause 4.9.
- (b) The employer may, at the employer's option, make payment in lieu thereof of an amount equal to the difference between the former amounts the employer would have been liable to pay and the new lower amount the employer is liable to pay the employee for the number of weeks of notice still owing.
- (c) The amounts must be worked out on the basis of:
 - (i) the ordinary working hours to be worked by the employee; and
 - (ii) the amounts payable to the employee for the hours including for example, allowances, loadings and penalties; and
 - (iii) any other amounts payable under the employee's employment contract.

4.11.3 Transmission of business

- (a) Where a business is, whether before or after the date of insertion of this clause in the Award transmitted from an employer (transmittor) to another employer (transmittee), and an employee who at the time of such transmission was an employee of the transmittor of the business, becomes an employee of the transmittee:
 - (i) the continuity of the employment of the employee shall be deemed not to have been broken by reason of such transmission; and
 - (ii) the period of employment which the employee has had with the transmittor or any prior transmittor shall be deemed to be service of the employee with the transmittee.
- (b) In clause 4.11.3, 'business' includes trade, process, business or occupation and includes a part or subsidiary (which means a corporation that would be taken to be a subsidiary under the Corporations Law, whether or not the Corporations Law applies in the particular case) of any such business and 'transmission' includes transfer, conveyance, assignment or succession whether by agreement or by

operation of law and 'transmitted' has a corresponding meaning.

4.11.4 Time off during notice period

- (a) Where a decision has been made to terminate an employee in the circumstances outlined in clause 4.11.1, the employee shall be allowed up to one day's time off without loss of pay during each week of notice for the purpose of seeking other employment.
- (b) If the employee has been allowed paid leave for more than one day during the notice period for the purpose of seeking other employment, the employee shall, at the request of the employer, be required to produce proof of attendance at an interview or the employee shall not receive payment for the time absent. For this purpose a statutory declaration will be sufficient.

4.11.5 Notice to Centrelink

Where a decision has been made to terminate employees in the circumstances outlined in clause 4.11.1, the employer shall notify Centrelink as soon as possible giving all relevant information about the proposed terminations, including a written statement of the reasons for the terminations, the number and categories of the employees likely to be affected, the number of workers normally employed and the period over which the terminations are intended to be carried out.

4.11.6 Severance pay

(a) In addition to the period of notice prescribed for ordinary termination in clause 4.9.2(a), and subject to further order of the Commission, an employee whose employment is terminated for reasons set out in clause 4.11.1(a), shall be entitled to the following amounts of severance pay:

| Period of Continuous Service | Severance Pay |
|---|---------------|
| | (weeks' pay) |
| Less than 1 year | nil |
| 1 year but not more than 2 years | 4 |
| More than 2 years but not more than 3 years | 6 |
| More than 3 years but not more than 4 years | 7 |
| More than 4 years but not more than 5 years | 8 |
| More than 5 years but not more than 6 years | 9 |
| More than 6 years but not more than 7 years | 10 |
| More than 7 years but not more than 8 years | 11 |
| More than 8 years but not more than 9 years | 12 |
| More than 9 years but not more than 10 years | 13 |
| More than 10 years but not more than 11 years | 14 |
| More than 11 years but not more than 12 years | 15 |
| More than 12 years | 16 |

(b) 'Weeks' Pay' means the ordinary time rate of pay for the employee concerned:

Provided that the following amounts are excluded from the calculation of the ordinary time rate of pay: overtime, penalty rates, disability allowances, shift allowances, special rates, fares and travelling time allowances, bonuses and any other ancillary payments.

4.11.7 Superannuation benefits

An employer may make an application to the Commission for relief from the obligation to make severance payments in circumstances where:

- (a) the employer has contributed to a superannuation scheme which provides a particular benefit to an employee in a redundancy situation; and
- (b) the particular benefit to the employee is over and above any benefit the employee might obtain from any legislative scheme providing for superannuation benefits (currently the federal Superannuation Guarantee levy) or an award based superannuation scheme.

4.11.8 Employee leaving during notice

An employee whose employment is terminated for reasons set out in clause 4.11.1(a), may terminate such employment during the period of notice, and, if so, shall be entitled to the same benefits and payments under this clause had such employee remained with the employer until the expiry of such notice:

Provided that in such circumstances the employee shall not be entitled to payment in lieu of notice.

4.11.9 Alternative employment

An employer, in a particular case, may make application to the Commission to have the general severance pay prescription amended if the employer obtains acceptable alternative employment for an employee.

4.11.10 *Employees with less than one year's service*

Clause 4.11 shall not apply to employees with less than one year's continuous service and the general obligation on employers should be no more than to give relevant employees an indication of the impending redundancy at the first reasonable opportunity, and to take such steps as may be reasonable to facilitate the obtaining by the employees of suitable alternative employment.

4.11.11 *Employees exempted*

Clause 4.11 shall not apply:

- (a) where employment is terminated as a consequence of misconduct on the part of the employee; or
- (b) to employees engaged for a specific period or task(s); or
- (c) to casual employees.

4.11.12 *Employers exempted*

- (a) Subject to an order of the Commission, in a particular redundancy case, clause 4.11 shall not apply to an employer including a company or companies that employ employees working a total of fewer than 550 hours on average per week, excluding overtime, Monday to Sunday. The 550 hours shall be averaged over the previous 12 months.
- (b) A 'company' shall be defined as:
 - (i) a company and the entities it controls; or
 - (ii) a company and its related company or related companies; or
 - (iii) a company where the company or companies has a common Director or common Directors or a common shareholder or common shareholders with another company or companies.

4.11.13 *Exemption where transmission of business*

- (a) The provisions of clause 4.11.6 are not applicable where a business is before or after the date of the insertion of this clause into the Award, transmitted from an employer (transmittor) to another employer (transmittee), in any of the following circumstances:
 - (i) where the employee accepts employment with the transmittee which recognises the period of continuous service which the employee had with the transmittor, and any prior transmittor, to be continuous service of the employee with the transmittee; or
 - (ii) where the employee rejects an offer of employment with the transmittee:
 - (A) in which the terms and conditions are substantially similar and no less favourable, considered on an overall basis, than the terms and conditions applicable to the employee at the time of ceasing employment with the transmittor; and
 - (B) which recognises the period of continuous service which the employee had with the transmittor and any prior transmittor to be continuous service of the employee with the transmittee.
- (b) The Commission may amend clause 4.11.13(a)(ii) if it is satisfied that it would operate unfairly in a particular case, or in the instance of contrived arrangements.

4.11.14 Incapacity to pay

An employer in a particular redundancy case may make application to the Commission to have the general severance pay prescription amended on the basis of the employer's incapacity to pay.

4.12 Transmission of business - continuity of service

In cases where a transfer of calling occurs, continuity of service should be determined in accordance with sections 67-71 of the Act as amended from time to time.

PART 5 - WAGES AND WAGE RELATED MATTERS

5.1 Definition of classifications

Promotional Criteria

An employee shall remain at a particular level until they are capable of effectively performing through assessment of appropriate certification the tasks required of this function so as to enable them to progress to the next level as a position becomes available.

5.1.1 Manufacturing/production worker level 1

An employee at this level undertakes induction training which may include information on the enterprise, conditions of employment, introduction to supervisors and fellow workers, training and career path opportunities, plant layout, work and documentation procedures, occupational health and safety, equal employment opportunity and quality control/assurance. An employee at this level performs routine duties essentially of a manual nature and to the level of their training.

Skills/Duties - A manufacturing/production worker level 1

- (a) performs routine duties associated with the relevant manufacturing process including labouring and cleaning duties;
- (b) exercises minimal judgement;
- (c) works under direct supervision in the following functions:
 - performs house keeping duties;
 - assists machine operators;
 - performs basic test functions;
 - operates hand operated transport and lifting devices;
 - operates granulating or reclaiming or crumming or shredding or other similar machinery;
 - trims/cuts/glues/seals/assembles or wraps finished products;
 - uses selected hand tools; or
 - maintains simple records.

5.1.2 Manufacturing/production worker l level 2

An employee at this level is one who has completed up to 3 months structured training so as to enable the employee to perform work within the scope of this level. An employee at this level performs above and beyond the skills of an employee at MP1 level or has completed a recognised traineeship.

Skills/duties - A manufacturing/production worker level 2

- (a) works under direct supervision either individually or in a team environment;
- (b) understands and undertakes basic quality control/assurance procedures including the ability to recognise basic quality deviation/faults.

Indicative of the tasks which an employee at this level may perform are the following:

- performs repetitive work on automatic, semi-automatic or single purpose machines or equipment;
- assembles components using basic written, spoken and/or diagrammatic instructions in an assembly environment;
- measures accurately using gauges and records;
- maintains records;
- operates machinery that requires basic set up skills.

5.1.3 Manufacturing/Production Worker Level 3

An employee at this level performs work above and beyond the skills of an employee at MP2 and to the level of their training for this level including appropriate certification.

Skills/duties - A manufacturing/production worker level 3

(a) is responsible for the quality of own work subject to detailed direction;

- (b) works in a team environment and/or under routine supervision;
- (c) undertakes duties in a safe and responsible manner;
- (d) exercises discretion within the employee's level of skills and training;
- (e) possesses basic interpersonal and communication skills.

Indicative of the tasks which an employee at this level may perform are the following:

- operates with flexibility between assembly/process stations;
- operates machinery and equipment requiring the exercise of skills knowledge and discretion beyond that of an employee at level MP2;
- basic tracing and sketching skills;
- receives, despatches, distributes, sorts, checks, packs (other than repetitive packing in a standard container or containers in which such are ordinarily sold), documents and records details relating to goods, materials and components;
- basic inventory control in the context of a production process;
- basic keyboard skills;
- measures accurately using gauges and meters;
- maintains records;
- operates mixing and milling machines or similar machinery requiring set-up skills.

5.1.4 Manufacturing/production worker level 4

An employee at this level performs work above and beyond the skills of an employee at MP3 level and to the level of their training for this level including appropriate certification.

Skills/duties - A manufacturing/production worker level 4:

- (a) is able to understand detailed instructions and work from procedures;
- (b) is able to co-ordinate work in a team environment under limited supervision;
- (c) is responsible for quality of own work;
- (d) possesses sound interpersonal and communication skills;
- (e) operates mobile equipment including forklifts, hand trolleys, pallet trucks and overhead cranes;
- (f) performs duties associated with those of journeyman confectioners.

5.1.5 Manufacturing/production worker level 5

An employee at this level performs work above and beyond the skills of an employee at MP4 level and to their training for this level including appropriate certification.

Skills/Duties - A manufacturing/production worker level 5:

- (a) understands and is responsible for quality control standards;
- (b) possesses an advanced level of interpersonal and communication skills;
- (c) possesses competent keyboard skills;
- (d) has a sound working knowledge of production/manufacturing duties performed at levels below this grade, exercises discretion within scope of this grade;
- (e) may perform work requiring minimal supervision either individually or in a team environment.

5.1.6 Manufacturing/production worker level 6:

A manufacturing/production worker level 6 works above and beyond an employee at MP5 level and to the level of their training, applies the skills acquired through the successful completion of a qualification in the production, distribution, or stores functions according to the needs of the enterprises.

Skills/duties - A manufacturing/production worker level 6:

- (a) implements quality control techniques and procedures;
- (b) understands and is responsible for a production area or a large section of a production area;
- (c) possesses highly developed level of interpersonal and communication skills;
- (d) possesses the ability to supervise and provide direction and guidance to other employees including the ability to assist in the provision of on-the-job training and induction;
- (e) exercises discretion within the scope of this grade;
- (f) exercises skills attained through the successful completion of an appropriate certification;
- (g) possesses a sound knowledge of the employer's operations.

5.2 Skilled duties

The following shall be a list of skilled duties of employees engaged in the manufacture of confectionery:

5.2.1 In the starch room or department:

- Melting cream or fondant (except melting cream for hand dipping in cream);
- colouring or flavouring cream, fondant, gum, or gelatine; boiling sugar glucose, or other ingredients;
- attending to the cooling and creaming of a creaming machine; creaming by hand or on a slab; drawing crystal syrup off all goods;
- making sugar candy; preparing agar work; running gum, jelly, gelatine, cream, grained sugar, or liquors into other than flour or starch moulds or on to slabs.
- 5.2.2 In the caramel or liquorice rooms or department:
 - Boiling, icing, flavouring, or colouring cream paste, caramel or liquorice batches;
 - operating liquorice extruder;
 - mixing, flavouring, or colouring chewing gum or marzipan work;
 - pouring caramel on slabs with the assistance of a general hand.

5.2.3 In the boiling room or department:

- Boiling sugar, glucose, or similar material;
- pouring boiled sugar on a slab with the assistance of a general hand;
- supervising persons stirring in a pan;
- preparing batches;
- putting batches into pennet machine;
- putting on or taking off toffee;
- marking frames on or from boiled sugar;
- colouring or flavouring boiled sugar; pulling out sticks; making almond rocks or toffee;
- cutting off ready for and twisting barley sugar or rocks;
- pulling out or cutting off strips for balls;
- cutting lolly sticks with scissors;
- forming, working, or cutting strips ready for machine, fancy rocks, or satin goods and putting through drop rollers;
- pulling sugar for satinettes.
- 5.2.4 In the comfit (or pan) room or department:
 - Boiling or melting any ingredients;
 - boiling sugar into syrup;
 - crystallising goods;
 - colouring flavouring syrup or other materials, glazing comfits or preparing mucilage;
 - flavouring comfits;
 - supervising persons putting syrup, glucose, or other ingredients on comfits;
 - stirring comfits by hand in any number of pans not exceeding eight.

- Preparing mucilage;
- colouring or flavouring ingredients;
- mixing doughs;
- working lozenge machine;
- making lozenges;
- working pipe machines;
- making hand pipe;
- pinning or rolling out by hand or machine;
- making cream paste;
- working a brake, other than turning the handle;
- uniting sheets of cream paste and liquorice;
- preparing sweet tobacco for crystallising.

5.2.6 In the chocolate room or department:

• Roasting or preparing raw beans, winnowing beans, grinding nuts for mills, working melanguers, preparing milling, mixing flavouring and finishing, covering or sweetening chocolate, roasting almonds or any other nuts, coating almonds, or any other nuts in revolving pans with chocolate, working in enrobers.

5.3 Wage rates

The minimum rates of wages payable to the following classes of employees are:

5.3.1 Seniors:

| Classification | Relativity Per Week % | Award Rate \$ |
|----------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| Manf/Prod 1 | 78 | 603.80 |
| Manf/Prod 2 | 82 | 607.40 |
| Manf/Prod 3 | 87.4 | 611.80 |
| Manf/Prod 4 | 92.4 | 628.30 |
| Manf/Prod 5 | 96 | 643.30 |
| Manf/Prod 6 | 100 | 662.00 |

NOTE 1: Manf/Prod 1, Manf/Prod 2 and Manf/Prod 3 have excess payments of \$35.60, \$22.50 and \$4.40 respectively.

"Excess Payments" are not subject to absorption of the safety net adjustments. Such "Excess Payment" shall not have any subsequent percentage based wage increase applied to it. Such "Excess Payment" shall be paid to all existing and future employees and is to be paid for all purposes of the Award.

NOTE: The rates of pay in this Award are intended to include the arbitrated wage adjustment payable under the 1 September 2009 Declaration of General Ruling and earlier Safety Net Adjustments and arbitrated wage adjustments. This arbitrated wage adjustment may be offset against any equivalent amount in rates of pay received by employees whose wages and conditions of employment are regulated by this Award which are above the wage rates prescribed in the Award. Such payments include wages payable pursuant to certified agreements, currently operating enterprise flexibility agreements, Queensland workplace agreements, award amendments to give effect to enterprise agreements and overaward arrangements. Absorption which is contrary to the terms of an agreement is not required.

Increases made under previous State Wage Cases or under the current Statement of Principles, excepting those resulting from enterprise agreements, are not to be used to offset arbitrated wage adjustments.

5.3.2 Juniors

| | Percentage of minimum Senior rate |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | % |
| 15 and under 16 years of age | 45 |
| 16 and under 17 years of age | 50 |
| 17 and under 18 years of age | 55 |
| 18 and under 19 years of age | 65 |
| 19 and under 20 years of age | 75 |
| 20 and under 21 years of age | 85 |

And thereafter the minimum rates prescribed in this Award for a Senior employee.

Junior rates shall be calculated in multiples of 10 cents with any result of 5 cents or more being taken to the next highest 10 cent multiple.

5.4 Payment of wages

- 5.4.1 All wages and overtime shall be paid on Friday in each week and up to the previous Wednesday night.
- 5.4.2 Where mutually agreed between an employer and a majority of employees wages may be paid weekly or fortnightly by electronic funds transfer directly into the employee's nominated financial institution account.
- 5.4.3 Employers covered by existing 2nd Tier/Restructuring and Efficiency Orders shall remain unaffected by clause 5.4.

5.5 Allowances

5.5.1 First aid

An employee classified by the employer as the first aid attendant shall be paid \$13.30 per week in addition to the employee's weekly wage rate.

5.5.2 Employees Carrying Heavy Packages

Employees engaged in carrying packages over 55 kg in weight without mechanical contrivances, or carrying goods over 50 kg in weight on a plank or handling cement in bags, shall be paid 34.55c per hour extra while so doing, with a minimum payment of 69.1c.

- 5.5.3 Meals or meal allowances during overtime
 - (a) An employee, who is required to continue work after the usual ceasing time:
 - (i) after more than 2 hours or
 - (ii) after one hour if overtime continues beyond 6.00 p.m.

shall be supplied with a reasonable meal at the employer's expense or be paid \$9.60 in addition to overtime payment for the time worked.

- (b) Where notice of overtime has been given and arrangements have been made for a meal and such overtime is not worked, the meal allowance shall be paid.
- (c) When an employee has provided customary meals because of receipt of notice of intention to work overtime, the employee shall be entitled to an allowance of \$9.60 for each meal so provided in the event of the work not being performed, or ceasing before the respective meal times.

5.6 Superannuation

5.6.1 *Application* - In addition to the rates of pay prescribed by this Award, eligible employees, as defined in clause 5.6.3(b), shall be entitled to occupational superannuation benefits, subject to the provisions of clause 5.6.

5.6.2 Contributions

(a) *Amount* - As from 1 January 2005 every employer shall contribute on behalf of each eligible employee an amount calculated at 9% of the employee's ordinary time earnings, into an approved fund, as defined in this clause. Each such payment of contributions shall be rounded off to the nearest ten (10) cents:

Provided that where an employee is absent and is receiving by way of workers' compensation an amount of money no less than the award rate of pay the contribution shall be calculated at 3%.

- (b) *Regular Payment* The employer shall pay such contributions to the credit of each such employee at least once each calendar month or in accordance with the requirements of the Approved Fund Trust Deed.
- (c) *Minimum level of earnings* As from 1 January 2005 no employer shall be required to pay superannuation contributions on behalf of any eligible employee in respect of any month during which the employee's ordinary time earnings, as defined, is less than \$450.00.
- (d) Absences from work Contributions shall continue to be paid on behalf of an eligible employee during any

absence on paid leave such as annual leave, long service leave, public holidays, sick leave and bereavement leave, but no employer shall be required to pay superannuation contributions on behalf of any eligible employee during any unpaid absences except in the case of absence on workers' compensation.

- (e) *Other Contributions* Nothing in clause 5.6 shall preclude an employee from making contributions to a fund in accordance with the provisions thereof.
- (f) *Cessation of Contributions* An employer shall not be required to make any further contributions on behalf on an eligible employee for any period after the end of the ordinary working day upon which the contract of employment ceases to exist.
- (g) *No Other Deductions* No additional amounts shall be paid by the employer for the establishment, administration, management or any other charges in connection with the Fund other than the remission of contributions as prescribed herein.

5.6.3 Definitions

- (a) "Approved Fund" means a fund approved for the purposes of this Award by the Commission as one to which occupational superannuation contributions may be made by an employer on behalf of an employee, as required by this Award. Such approved fund may be individually named or may be identified by naming a particular class or category.
- (b) "Eligible employee" means any employee who has been employed by the employer during 5 consecutive weeks and who has worked a minimum of 50 hours during that period. After completion of the above qualifying period, superannuation contributions shall then be made in accordance with clause 5.6.2 effective from the commencement of that qualifying period.
- (c) "Fund" Means a superannuation fund satisfying the Commonwealth legislation for occupational superannuation funds and satisfying the superannuation fund conditions in relation to a year of income, as specified in the relevant legislation and complying with the operating standards as prescribed by Regulations made under the relevant legislation. In the case of a newly established fund, the term shall include a superannuation fund that has received a notice of preliminary listing from the Insurance and Superannuation Commissioner.
- (d) "Ordinary time earnings" means the actual ordinary rate of pay the employee receives for ordinary hours of work including shift loading, skill allowances and supervisory allowances where applicable. The term includes any overaward payment as well as Casual rates received for ordinary hours of work. Ordinary time earnings shall not include overtime, disability allowances, commission, bonuses, lump sum payments made as a consequence of the termination of employment, annual leave loading, penalty rates for public holiday work, fares and travelling time allowances or any other extraneous payments of a like nature.
- 5.6.4 For the purposes of this Award, an approved fund shall be:
 - (a) The Labour Union Co-Operative Retirement Fund L.U.C.R.F.
 - (b) Sunsuper
 - (c) Any named fund as is agreed to between the relevant employer/Union parties to this Award and as recorded in an approved Industrial Agreement.
 - (d) In the case of a minority group of employees of a particular employer, any industry, multi-industry or other fund which has been approved in an award or an agreement approved by an Industrial Tribunal whether State or Federal jurisdiction and already had practical application to the majority of award employees of that employer.
 - (e) As to employees who belong to the religious fellowship known as the Brethren, who hold a Certificate issued pursuant to section 115 of the Act and are employed by an employer who also belongs to that fellowship any fund nominated by the employer and approved by the Brethren.
 - (f) Any fund agreed between an employer and an employee who holds a Certificate issued pursuant to section 115 of the Act where membership of a Fund cited in this Award would be in conflict with the conscientious beliefs of that employee in terms of section 115 of the Act.
 - (g) In relation to any particular employer, any other established fund to which that employer was already actually making regular and genuine contributions in accordance with clause 5.6.2 on behalf of at least a significant number of that employer's employees covered by this Award as at 29 September 1989 and continues to make such contribution.

- (h) The employer and employee may agree to have the employee's superannuation contributions made to an approved superannuation fund, other than those specified in this Award.
 - (i) Any such agreement must be recorded in writing and signed by the employer and employee and kept on the employee's file.
 - (ii) A person must not coerce someone else to make an agreement.
 - (iii) Such agreement, where made, will continue until such time as the employer and employee agree otherwise, and shall be made available to relevant persons for the purposes of sections 371 and 373 (time and wage records) of the Act.
 - (iv) Any dispute arising out of this process will be handled in accordance with the "grievance and dispute settlement procedures" in clause 3.1.
- 5.6.5 Challenge of a Fund
 - (a) An eligible employee being a member or a potential member of a fund, as well as the Union, may by notification of a dispute challenge a fund on the grounds that it does not meet the requirements of clause 5.6.
 - (b) Notwithstanding that the Commission determines that a particular fund does not meet the requirements of clause 5.6, the Commission may in its discretion and subject to any recommendation, direction or order it may make, recognise any or all of the contributions previously made to that fund as having met the requirements of clause 5.6.2 up to and including the date of that determination.
 - (c) In the event of any dispute over whether any fund complies with the requirements of clause 5.6, the onus of proof shall rest upon the employer.

5.6.6 Fund Selection

- (a) No employer shall be required to make or be prevented from making, at any one time, contributions into more than one Approved Fund. Such fund, other than a fund referred to in clause 5.6.4 (d), (e), (f) and (g) shall be determined by a majority decision of employees.
- (b) Employees to whom clause 5.6 applies who are members of an established fund covered by clause 5.6.4(f) shall have the right by majority decision to choose to have the contributions specified in clause 5.6.2 paid into a fund as provided for elsewhere in clause 5.6.4 in lieu of the established fund to which clause 5.6.4(f) has application.
- (c) The initial selection of a fund recognised in clause 5.6.4 shall not preclude a subsequent decision by the majority of employees in favour of another fund recognised under that clause where the long term performance of the fund is clearly disappointing.
- (d) Where clause 5.6.6 has been utilised and as a result another approved fund is determined, access to a further re-appraisal of the fund for the purpose of favouring yet another fund shall not be available until a period of 3 years has elapsed after that utilisation of this provision.

5.6.7 Enrolment

- (a) Each employer to whom clause 5.6 applies shall as soon as practicable as to both current and future eligible employees:
 - (i) Notify each employee of the employees entitlement to occupational superannuation.
 - (ii) Consult as may be necessary to facilitate the selection by employees of an appropriate fund within the meaning of clause 5.6.4.
 - (iii) Take all reasonable steps to ensure that upon the determination of an appropriate fund, each eligible employee receives, completes, signs and returns the necessary application forms provided by the employer, to enable that employee to become a member of the fund; and
 - (iv) Submit all completed application forms and any other relevant material to the trustees of the fund.
- (b) Each employee upon becoming eligible to become a member of a fund determined in accordance with clause 5.6.7 shall:

- (i) complete and sign the necessary application forms to enable that employee to become a member of that fund; and
- (ii) return such forms to the employer within 28 days of receipt in order to be entitled to the benefit of the contributions prescribed in clause 5.6.2.
- (c) Where an employer has complied with the requirements of clause 5.6.7(a) and an eligible employee fails to complete, sign and return the application form within 28 days of the receipt by the employee of that form, then that employer shall:
 - Advise an eligible employee in writing of the non-receipt of the application form and further advise the eligible employee that continuing failure to complete, sign and return such form within 14 days could jeopardise the employee's entitlement to the occupational superannuation benefit prescribed by clause 5.6.
 - (ii) In the event that an eligible employee fails to complete, sign and return such application form within the specified period of 14 days be under no obligation to make any occupational superannuation contributions in respect of such eligible employee excepting as from any subsequent date from which completed and signed application form is received by the employer.
 - (iii) In the event that an eligible employee fails to return a completed and signed application form within a period of 6 months from the date of the original request by the employer, again advise that eligible employee in writing of the entitlement and that the receipt by the employer of a completed and signed application form is a pre-requisite to the payment of any occupational superannuation contributions.
 - (iv) At the same time as advising the eligible employee pursuant to clause 5.6.7(c)(iii) submit both to the Chief Industrial Inspector, Brisbane and to the secretary of an industrial Union of employees whose registered callings incorporate the classification of the eligible employee a copy of each letter forwarded by the employer to the eligible employee pursuant to clauses 5.6.7(c)(i) and 5.6.7(c)(iii).
- (d) Where an employer fails to provide an eligible employee with an application form in accordance with clause 5.6.7(a)(iii) the employer shall be obliged to make contributions as from the date of operation of clause 5.6 or from the date an employee became an "eligible employee" if that occurs thereafter provided that an eligible employee completes, signs and returns to the employer an application form within 28 days of being provided with the application form by the employer. Where an eligible employee fails to complete, sign and return an application form within such period of 28 days the provisions of clause 5.6.7(c) shall apply.

5.6.8 Unpaid Contributions

Subject to section 393 of the Act and to clause 5.6.5, where the discretion of the Commission has been exercised, should it be established that the employer has failed to comply with the requirements of clause 5.6.2 in respect of any eligible employee such employer shall be liable to make the appropriate contributions retrospectively to the date of eligibility of the employee, plus an amount equivalent to the rate of return those contributions would have attracted in the relevant approved fund, or as necessary a fund to be determined by the Commission under clause 5.6.4, had they been paid on the due dates.

The making of such contributions satisfies the requirements of clause 5.6.8 excepting that resort to this provision shall not limit any common law action which may be available in relation to death, disablement or any similar cover existing within the terms of a relevant fund.

5.6.9 *Exemptions*

- (a) An employer may apply to the Commission for exemption from all or any of the provisions of clause 5.6 in the following circumstances:
 - (i) Incapacity to pay the costs associated with its implementation; or
 - (ii) Any special or compelling circumstances peculiar to the business of the employer.
- (b) Clause 5.6 shall not apply to employees of the State of Queensland where the Queensland Government Superannuation Scheme (Qsuper) is mandatory for eligible employees of the State of Queensland and other instrumentalities in accordance with the *Superannuation (Government and other Employees) Act 1988.*

PART 6 - HOURS OF WORK, BREAKS, OVERTIME, SHIFT WORK, WEEKEND WORK

- 6.1.1 Subject to clause 6.2 (Implementation of 38 Hour Week), and subject to the exceptions set out in this Award, the ordinary hours of work shall be an average of 38 per week, to be worked on one of the following bases:
 - (a) 38 hours within a work cycle not exceeding 7 consecutive days; or
 - (b) 76 hours within a work cycle not exceeding 14 consecutive days; or
 - (c) 114 hours within a work cycle not exceeding 21 consecutive days; or
 - (d) 152 hours within a work cycle not exceeding 28 consecutive days.
- 6.1.2 The ordinary hours of work prescribed may be worked on any 5 consecutive days in the week, Monday to Saturday inclusive, subject to the following:
 - (a) ordinary hours worked on a Saturday shall be paid at the appropriate week-end overtime rate specified in clause 6.6 (Overtime).
 - (b) any arrangement of hours which includes a Saturday as ordinary hours shall be subject to agreement between the employer and the majority of employees concerned.
- 6.1.3 The ordinary hours of work shall be worked continuously, except for meal breaks and rest pauses, between 6.00 a.m. and 6.00 p.m. The spread of hours prescribed may be altered as to all or a section of employees provided there is agreement between the employer and the majority of employees concerned. Work done outside the hours of 6.00 a.m. to 6.00 p.m. shall be paid at overtime rates and will be deemed to be part of the ordinary hours of work for the purposes of clause 6.1.3.
- 6.1.4 The ordinary starting and finishing times of various groups of employees or individual employees, may be staggered, provided that there is agreement between the employer and the majority of employees concerned.
- 6.1.5 The ordinary hours of work prescribed except for meal breaks and rest pauses shall not exceed 10 hours on any day. Where the ordinary working hours are to exceed 8 on any one day, the arrangement of hours shall be subject to the agreement of the employer and the majority of employees concerned.
- 6.1.6 Employees are required to observe the nominated starting and finishing times for the work days, including designated breaks to maximise available working time. Preparation for work and cleaning up of the employee's person shall be in the employee's time.
- 6.1.7 A roster for all employees showing normal starting and finishing times and the surname and initial of each employee shall be prepared by the employer and shall be posted 7 days in advance in a place accessible to the employee concerned. The roster shall be alterable by mutual consent at any time or in the case of full-time and part-time employees who work for a specific number of hours by amendment with 7 days notice.
- 6.1.8 Such roster shall show the starting and ceasing times and the days upon which an employee is engaged to work as well as the number of hours to be worked each week to suit the exigencies of the establishment:

Provided that:

- (a) Part-time employees will be entitled to predictability and regularity of hours in their employment.
- (b) Wherever practical and possible rosters shall not be changed from week to week, or fortnight to fortnight,

6.2 Implementation of 38 hour week

- 6.2.1 The 38 hour week shall be implemented on one of the following bases, most suitable to the particular business, after consultation with, and giving reasonable consideration to the wishes of the employees concerned:
 - (a) by employees working less than 8 ordinary hours each day; or
 - (b) by employees working less than 8 ordinary hours on one or more days each work cycle; or
 - (c) by fixing one or more work days on which all employees will be off during a particular work cycle; or
 - (d) by rostering employees off on various days of the week during a particular work cycle, so that each employee has one work day off during that cycle.
- 6.2.2 Subject to clause 6.1.5, employees may agree that the ordinary hours of work are to exceed 8 on any day, thus enabling more than one work day to be taken off during a particular work cycle.

- 6.2.3 Notwithstanding any other provision in clause 6.2, where the arrangement of ordinary hours of work provides for a rostered day off, the employer and the majority of employees concerned, may agree to accrue up to a maximum of 5 rostered days off. Where such agreement has been reached, the accrued rostered days off shall be taken within 12 calendar months of the date on which the first rostered day off was accrued. Consent to accrue rostered days off shall not be unreasonably withheld by either party.
- 6.2.4 Different methods of implementation of the 38 hour week may apply to individual employees, groups or sections of employees in the business concerned.

6.3 38 hour week - Procedures for enterprise level discussions

- 6.3.1 The employer and all employees concerned in each establishment shall consult over the most appropriate means of implementing and working a 38 hour week.
- 6.3.2 The objective of such consultation shall be to reach agreement on the method of implementing and working the 38 hour week in accordance with clauses 6.1 and 6.2.
- 6.3.3 The outcome of such consultation shall be recorded in writing.
- 6.3.4 In cases where agreement cannot be reached as a result of consultation between the parties, either party may request the assistance or advice of the Union or (relevant) employer organisation.
- 6.3.5 Notwithstanding the consultative procedures outlined above, and notwithstanding any lack of agreement by employees, the employer shall have the right to make the final determination as to the method by which the 38 hour week is implemented or worked from time to time.
- 6.3.6 After implementation of the 38 hour week, upon giving 7 days' notice or such shorter period as may be mutually agreed upon, the method of working the 38 hour week may be altered, from time to time, following negotiations between the employer and employees concerned, utilising the foregoing provisions of clause 6.3, including clause 6.3.5.

6.4 Meal breaks

- 6.4.1 Not less than 30 minutes and not more than one hour shall be allowed for the midday meal on each day from Monday to Friday and such meal break shall be between the 4th and the 6th hour after commencement of work as may be arranged between the employer and the majority of employees concerned.
- 6.4.2 All work done during the recognised meal period shall be paid for at the rate of double time, such payment to continue until a meal break period has commenced. Except in cases of emergency, no employee shall be required to work more than 6 hours without a break for a meal. Such meal period to be of the prescribed duration.
- 6.4.3 Except in case of emergency or with the agreement of the majority of employees concerned, one week's notice must be given by the employer to the employee of the intention to alter the meal hour.

6.5 Rest pauses

- 6.5.1 Every employee covered by this Award shall be entitled to a rest pause of 10 minutes duration in the employer's time in the first and second half of the working day. Such rest pauses shall be taken at such times as will not interfere with the continuity of work where continuity is necessary.
- 6.5.2 Where there is agreement between the employer and the majority of employees concerned, the rest pauses may be combined into one 20 minute rest pause and the meal break arranged in such a way that the ordinary working day is broken up into three approximately equal working periods. Consent to combine the rest pauses shall not be unreasonably withheld by either party.

6.6 Overtime

- 6.6.1 All time worked in excess of the time set forth in clause 6.1 shall be deemed overtime work and shall be paid for at the rate of time and a-half for the first 3 hours, and double time thereafter. In calculating overtime each day shall stand by itself.
- 6.6.2 Employees who are required to continue work after their usual ceasing time shall be entitled to a 30 minute crib break after more than 2 hours, or after more than one hour if overtime continues beyond 6.00 p.m.
- 6.6.3 An employee who works so much overtime between the termination of ordinary work on one day and the

commencement of ordinary work in the next day that the employee has not had at least 10 consecutive hours off duty shall, subject to clause 6.6.4, be released after completion of such overtime until the employee has had 10 consecutive hours off duty without loss of pay for ordinary working time occurring during such absence.

- 6.6.4 If on the instructions of the employer an employee resumes or continues work without having had 10 consecutive hours off duty, the employee shall be paid double rates until released from duty for such period. The employee shall then be entitled to be absent until the employee has had 10 consecutive hours off duty without loss of pay for ordinary working time occurring during such absence.
- 6.6.5 Where an employee is recalled to work after the ordinary ceasing time, overtime worked in such circumstances shall be regarded as overtime for the purposes of clause 6.6.5 where the actual time worked is less than 3 hours on such recall or on each of such recalls.
- 6.6.6 Clauses 6.6.3 and 6.6.4 shall apply in the case of shift workers who rotate from one shift to another as if 8 hours were substituted for 10 hours when overtime is worked:
 - (a) For the purpose of changing shift rosters; or
 - (b) Where a shift worker does not report for duty; or
 - (c) Where a shift is worked by arrangement between the employees themselves.

6.7 Sunday work

All work done on Sundays shall be paid for at the rate of double time.

PART 7 - LEAVE OF ABSENCE AND PUBLIC HOLIDAYS

7.1 Annual leave

- 7.1.1 An employee (other than a Casual employee) covered by this Award shall, at the end of each year of employment, be entitled to annual leave on full pay of 152 hours.
- 7.1.2 Leave debits will be paid and debited on the basis of hours actually taken.
- 7.1.3 Rostered day off arising from the implementation of the 38 hour week
 - (a) An employee will not derive any additional benefit for rostered days off falling within a period of annual leave.
- 7.1.4 Such annual leave is exclusive of any public holiday which may occur during the period of that annual leave and subject to clause 7.1.9, shall be paid for by the employer in advance:
 - (a) in the case of any and every employee in receipt immediately prior to that leave of ordinary pay at a rate in excess of the ordinary rate payable under this Award at that excess rate; and
 - (b) in every other case, at the ordinary time rate payable under clause 5.3 to the employee concerned immediately prior to that leave under this Award.
- 7.1.5 If the employment of any employee is terminated at the expiration of a full year of employment, the employer shall be deemed to have given the leave to the employee from the date of the termination of the employment and shall immediately pay to the employee in addition to all other amounts due to the employee, the employee's pay, calculated in accordance with clause 7.1.9, for the employee's annual leave entitlements and also the employee's ordinary time rate of pay for any public holiday occurring during such period of annual leave.
- 7.1.6 If the employment of any employee is terminated before the expiration of a full year of employment, such employee shall be paid, in addition to all other amounts due, an amount equal to 1/12th of the employee's pay for the period of the employee's employment, calculated in accordance with clause 7.1.9.
- 7.1.7 The employer may arrange for the annual leave to be taken during the Christmas period.
- 7.1.8 All employees of the State of Queensland shall have their annual leave entitlement debited by the number of ordinary hours they would have worked between Christmas Day and New Year's Day inclusive when there is a compulsory closure of Government establishments over the Christmas/New Year period.
- 7.1.9 Calculation of annual leave pay

In respect to annual leave entitlements to which clause 7.1 applies, annual leave pay (including any proportionate payments), shall be calculated as follows:

(a) Leading Hands, Etc.

Subject to clause 7.1.9(b), leading hand allowances and amounts of a like nature otherwise payable for ordinary time worked shall be included in the wages to be paid to employees during annual leave.

(b) All employees

Subject to clause 7.1.9(c), in no case shall the payment by an employer to an employee be less than the sum of the following amounts:

- (i) the employee's ordinary wage rate as prescribed by the Award for the period of the annual leave (excluding week-end penalty rates);
- (ii) Leading hand allowance or amounts of a like nature;
- (iii) a further amount calculated at the rate of 17 1/2% of the amounts referred to in clauses 7.1.9(b)(i) and 7.1.9(b)(ii).
- (c) Clause 7.1.9(b) shall not apply to the following:
 - (i) any period or periods of annual leave exceeding 152 hours;
 - (ii) employers (and their employees) who are already paying (or receiving) an annual leave bonus, loading or other annual leave payment which is not less favourable to employees.

7.2 Sick leave

- 7.2.1 Entitlement
 - (a) Every employee, except Casual, and school-based apprentices and trainees, is entitled to 60.8 hours sick leave for each completed year of their employment with their employer.
 - (b) This entitlement will accrue at the rate of 7.6 hours sick leave after each 6 weeks of employment.
 - (c) Payment for sick leave will be made based on the number of hours which would have been worked by the employee if the employee were not absent on sick leave.
 - (d) Sick leave may be taken for part of a day.
 - (e) Sick leave shall be cumulative, but unless the employer and employee otherwise agree, no employee shall be entitled to receive, and no employer shall be bound to make, payment for more than 13 weeks' absence from work through illness in any one year.
 - (f) Part-time employees accrue sick leave on a proportional basis.

7.2.2 Employee must give notice.

The payment of sick leave is subject to the employee promptly advising the employer of the employee's absence and its expected duration.

7.2.3 Evidence supporting a claim.

When the employee's absence is for more than 2 days the employee is required to give the employer a doctor's certificate, or other reasonably acceptable evidence, about the nature and approximate duration of the illness.

7.2.4 Accumulated sick leave

An employee's accumulated sick leave entitlements are preserved when:

- (a) The employee is absent from work on unpaid leave granted by the employer;
- (b) The employer or employee terminates the employee's employment and the employee is re-employed within 3 months;

(c) The employee's employment is terminated because of illness or injury and the employee is re-employed by the same employer without having been employed in the interim.

The employee accumulates sick leave entitlements whilst absent from work on paid leave granted by the employer.

7.2.5 Workers' Compensation

Where an employee is in receipt of workers' compensation, the employee is not entitled to payment of sick leave.

7.3 Bereavement leave

- 7.3.1 Full-time and part-time employees shall, on the death of a member of their immediate family or household in Australia, be entitled to paid bereavement leave up to and including the day of the funeral of such person. Such leave shall be without deduction of pay for a period not exceeding the number of hours worked by the employee in 2 ordinary days of work. Proof of such death is to be furnished by the employee to the satisfaction of the employer.
- 7.3.2 Long-term casual employees
 - (a) A long-term Casual employee is entitled to at least 2 days unpaid bereavement leave on the death of a member of the person's immediate family or household in Australia.
 - (b) A "long term Casual employee" is a Casual employee engaged by a particular employer, on a regular and systematic basis, for several periods of employment during a period of at least one year immediately before the employee seeks to access an entitlement under clause 7.3.2
- 7.3.3 "Immediate family" includes:
 - (a) A spouse (including a former spouse, a *de facto* spouse and a former *de facto* spouse, spouse of the same sex) of the employee; and
 - (b) A child or an adult child (including an adopted child, a foster child, an ex-foster child, a stepchild or an exnuptial child), parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of the employee or spouse of the employee.
- 7.3.4 Unpaid leave

An employee with the consent of the employer, may apply for unpaid leave when a member of the employee's immediate family or household in Australia dies and the period of bereavement leave entitlement provided above is insufficient.

7.4 Long service leave

All employees covered by this Award are entitled to long service leave on full pay under, subject to, and in accordance with, the provisions of Chapter 2, Part 3, sections 42-58 of the Act as amended from time to time.

7.5 Family leave

The provisions of the Family Leave Award apply to and are deemed to form part of this Award.

- 7.5.1 It is to be noted that:
 - (a) part-time work can be performed by agreement in the circumstances specified in the Family Leave Award;
 - (b) a copy of the Family Leave Award is required to be displayed in accordance with section 697 of the Act.
- 7.5.2 The Family Leave Award also provides for the terms and conditions of leave associated with:
 - (a) Maternity leave
 - (b) Parental leave
 - (c) Adoption leave
 - (d) Special responsibility leave for the care and support of the employee's immediate family or household.
- 7.6 Public holidays

7.6.1 Subject to clause 7.6.6 all work done by any employee on:

- the 1st January;
- the 26th January;
- Good Friday;
- Easter Saturday (the day after Good Friday)
- Easter Monday
- the 25th April (Anzac Day);
- The Birthday of the Sovereign;
- Christmas Day;
- Boxing Day; or
- any day appointed under the Holidays Act 1983, to be kept in place of any such holiday

will be paid for at the rate of double time and a-half with a minimum of 4 hours.

7.6.2 Labour Day

All employees covered by this Award shall be entitled to be paid a full day's wage for Labour Day (the first Monday in May or other day appointed under the *Holidays Act 1983*, to be kept in place of that holiday) irrespective of the fact that no work may be performed on such day, and if any employee concerned actually works on Labour Day, such employee shall be paid a full day's wage for that day and in addition a payment for the time actually worked by the employee at one and a-half times the ordinary rate prescribed for such work with a minimum of 4 hours.

7.6.3 Annual show

All work done by employees in a district specified from time to time by the Minister by notification published in the Gazette on the day appointed under the *Holidays Act 1983*, to be kept as a holiday in relation to the annual agricultural, horticultural and/or industrial show held at the principal city or town, as specified in such notification of such district shall be paid for a the rate of double time and a-half with a minimum of 4 hours.

No employee shall be entitled to receive more than one day per year as Show holiday.

7.6.4 Show holiday to be agreed where one is not appointed

In a district in which a holiday is not appointed for an annual agricultural, horticultural or industrial show, the employee and employer must agree on an ordinary working day that is to be treated as a show holiday for all purposes.

7.6.5 *Double time and a-half*

For the purposes of clause 7.6, where the rate of wages is a weekly rate, "double time and a-half" means 1 1/2 day's wages in addition to the prescribed weekly rate, or *pro rata* if there is more or less than a day.

7.6.6 Substitution

Where there is agreement between the majority of employees concerned and the employer, and subject to statutory limitations, other ordinary working days may be substituted for the public holidays specified in clause 7.6. Where an employee is subsequently required to work on such substituted days, the employee shall be paid the rate applicable for the holidays that have been substituted.

7.6.7 Stand down

Any employee, with 2 weeks' or more of continuous service, whose employment has been terminated by the employer or who has been stood down by the employer during the month of December, and who is re-employed in January of the following year, shall be entitled to payment at the ordinary rate payable to that employee when the employee was dismissed or stood down, for any one or more of the following holidays, namely, Christmas Day, Boxing Day and the 1st January (New Year's Day).

7.6.8 Employees dismissed within 7 days of Good Friday

Should any employee be dismissed other than on account of dishonesty, disobedience, or drunkenness within seven days of Good Friday, such employee shall be paid for Good Friday, and Easter Monday at ordinary rates.

7.6.9 Extra payment for time worked outside certain hours on Public Holidays

All time worked on any public holiday outside the ordinary starting and ceasing times prescribed by the Award

for the day of the week on which such holiday falls shall be paid for at double the rate prescribed by the Award for such time when worked outside the ordinary starting and ceasing times on an ordinary day.

7.6.10 *Employees not to be discriminated against in certain circumstances*

Employees are not to be discriminated against on the basis of their contract of employment where public holidays fall on off duty periods of employment.

7.7 Trade union training leave

- 7.7.1 By written application by an employee to the employer, such application being endorsed by the Union and given to the employer at least one month in advance, an employee may be granted up to 5 working days' leave (non-cumulative) on ordinary pay each calendar year to attend courses or seminars conducted by the Union. The scope, content and level of such courses or seminars shall be such as to contribute to a better understanding of industrial relations within the employer's operations. Such training may include attendance at employer or Union initiated courses conducted by any other organisation as agreed upon by the Union and employers.
- 7.7.2 For the purposes of these provisions "ordinary pay" means at the ordinary weekly rate paid to the employee exclusive of penalty rates or any allowance for travelling time and fares.
- 7.7.3 The granting of such leave shall be subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The employee must have at least 12 months continuous service with the employer prior to such leave being granted or be the elected Union delegate.
 - (b) Unless otherwise agreed the maximum number of employees of one and the same employer attending a training course or seminar each year will be as follows:

| Where the employer employs between 10 - 50 employees: | 1 |
|--|---|
| Where the employer employs between 51 - 100 employees: | 2 |
| Where the employer employs over 100 employees: | 4 |

- (c) Clause 7.7 shall not apply to a workplace with less than 10 full-time employees under this Award.
- (d) The granting of such leave shall be subject to the convenience of the employer so that the operations of the enterprise will not be adversely affected.
- (e) In granting such paid leave, the employer is not responsible for any additional costs except the payment of extra remuneration where relieving arrangements are instituted by the employer to cover the absence of the employee.
- (f) Leave granted to attend such training courses will not incur any additional payment or alternate time off if such course coincides with the employee's day off in the 19 day month working arrangements or with any other concessional leave.
- (g) Such paid leave will not affect other leave granted to employees under this Award.
- (h) On completion of the course the employee shall, upon request, provide to the employer proof of the employee's attendance at the course. Non-attendance at a training course will result in the employee not being paid for such time.

7.8 Jury service

An employee, other than a casual employee, required to attend for jury service during their ordinary working hours shall be reimbursed by the employer an amount equal to the difference between the amount paid in respect of their attendance for such jury service and the ordinary pay the employee would have been paid if the employee was not absent on jury service.

Alternatively, by agreement, fees (other than meal allowance) received by the employee to attend jury service will be paid to the employer and the employer will continue to pay the employee their ordinary pay for the time the employee was absent on jury service.

Employees shall notify their employer as soon as practicable of the date upon which they are required to attend for jury service and shall provide their employer with proof of such attendance, the duration of such attendance and the amount received in respect thereof.

If the employee is not required to serve on a jury for a day or part of a day after attending for jury service and the employee would ordinarily be working for all or part of the remaining day, the employee must, if practicable, present for work at the earliest reasonable opportunity.

"Ordinary pay" means the rate of pay that an employee would normally expect to receive for working ordinary hours on an ordinary day of the week, including any over-award payment. "Ordinary pay" excludes overtime, penalty rates of all types - including those attaching to working ordinary hours (for example) on a Saturday, disability allowances, shift allowances, special rates, fares and travelling time allowances, bonuses and other ancillary payments of a like nature.

PART 8 - TRANSFERS, TRAVELLING AND WORKING AWAY FROM USUAL PLACE OF WORK

Note: No provisions inserted in this Award relevant to this part.

PART 9 - TRAINING AND RELATED MATTERS

9.1 Training

9.1.1 Training program

The parties to this Award recognise that in order to increase the efficiency and productivity of each enterprise and also the national and international competitiveness of the industries covered by this Award, a greater commitment to training and skill development is required. Accordingly, the parties commit themselves to:

- (a) developing a more highly skilled and flexible workforce;
- (b) providing employees with career opportunities through appropriate training to acquire additional skills; and
- (c) removing barriers to the use of skills acquired.

9.1.2 Development of a training program

Following proper consultation or through the establishment of a training committee, an employer shall develop a training program consistent with:

- (a) the current and future skills needs of the enterprise;
- (b) the size, structure and nature of the operations of the enterprise;
- (c) the need to develop vocational skills relevant to the enterprise, through courses conducted by accredited educational institutions and providers.

9.1.3 Establishment of a training committee and its role

Where it is agreed a training committee be established that training committee should be constituted by equal numbers of employer and employee representatives and have a charter which clearly states its role and responsibilities, for example:

- (a) formulation of a training programme and availability of training courses and career opportunities to employees;
- (b) dissemination of information on the training programme and availability of training courses;
- (c) the recommending of individual employees for training and reclassification;
- (d) monitoring and advising management and employees on the on-going effectiveness of the training.
- 9.1.4 Payment for training during working hours and reimbursement of costs
 - (a) Where it is agreed that additional training in accordance with the programme developed pursuant to clause 9.1.2 should be undertaken by an employee, that training may be undertaken either on or off the job. If the training is undertaken during ordinary working hours the employee concerned shall not suffer any loss of pay. The employer shall not unreasonably withhold such paid training leave.
 - (b) Any costs associated with standard fees for prescribed courses and prescribed textbooks (including those textbooks which are available in the employer's technical library), legitimately incurred in connection with the undertaking of training shall be reimbursed by the employer upon production of evidence of such

expenditure. Reimbursement shall also be on an annual basis subject to the presentation of reports of satisfactory progress.

(c) Legitimate travel costs incurred by an employee undertaking training in accordance with clause 9.1.4 which exceed those normally incurred in travelling to and from work shall be reimbursed by the employer.

PART 10 - OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY MATTERS, EQUIPMENT, TOOLS AND AMENITIES

10.1 Amenities

Suitable seats shall be provided, and where practicable, may be used by employees whilst packing and/or labelling confectionery.

10.2 First Aid

Adequate first aid outfits shall be provided in every establishment. Such outfits shall be kept so that they may be easily accessible or available to employees working in any such establishment. When 20 or more persons are employed in any establishment it shall be the duty of the employer to employ in such establishment at least one person who shall be a certified first aid person, such employee being classified as the first aid attendant.

10.3 Occupational health and safety

- 10.3.1 Employees shall not be permitted or allowed to lift, carry or move by hand any object so heavy as to be likely to cause risk of injury.
- 10.3.2 The maximum weight which an employee may be permitted or allowed to lift, carry or move by hand shall be 16 kg.

PART 11 - AWARD COMPLIANCE AND UNION RELATED MATTERS

Preamble

Clauses 11.1 and 11.2 replicate legislative provisions contained within the Act. In order to ensure the currency of existing legal requirements parties are advised to refer to sections 366, 372 and 373 of the Act as amended from time to time.

11.1 Right of entry

11.1.1 Authorised industrial officer

- (a) An "Authorised industrial officer" is any Union official holding a current authority issued by the Industrial Registrar.
- (b) Right of entry is limited to workplaces where the work performed falls within the registered coverage of the Union.

11.1.2 Entry procedure

- (a) The Authorised industrial officer is entitled to enter the workplace during normal business hours as long as:
 - (i) the Authorised industrial officer alerts the employer or other person in charge of the workplace to their presence; and
 - (ii) shows their authorisation upon request.
- (b) Clause 11.1.2(a)(i) does not apply if the Authorised industrial officer establishes that the employer or other person in charge is absent.
- (c) A person must not obstruct or hinder any Authorised industrial officer exercising their right of entry.
- (d) If the Authorised industrial officer intentionally disregards a condition of clause 11.1.2 the Authorised industrial officer may be treated as a trespasser.

11.1.3 Inspection of records

(a) An Authorised industrial officer is entitled to inspect the time and wages record required to be kept under

section 366 of the Act.

- (b) An Authorised industrial officer is entitled to inspect such time and wages records of any former or current employee except if the employee:
 - (i) is ineligible to become a member of the Union; or
 - (ii) is a party to a QWA or ancillary document, unless the employee has given written consent for the records to be inspected; or
 - (iii) has made a written request to the employer that the employee does not want that employee's record inspected.
- (c) The Authorised industrial officer may make a copy of the record, but cannot require any help from the employer.
- (d) A person must not coerce an employee or prospective employee into consenting, or refusing to consent, to the inspection of their records by an Authorised industrial officer.

11.1.4 Discussions with employees

An Authorised industrial officer is entitled to discuss with the employer, or a member or employee eligible to become a member of the Union:

- (a) matters under the Act during working or non-working time; and
- (b) any other matter with a member or employee eligible to become a member of the Union, during non-working time.
- 11.1.5 Conduct

An Authorised industrial officer must not unreasonably interfere with the performance of work in exercising a right of entry.

11.2 Time and wages record

- 11.2.1 An employer must keep, at the place of work in Queensland, a time and wages record that contains the following particulars for each pay period for each employee, including apprentices and trainees:
 - (a) the employee's award classification;
 - (b) the employer's full name;
 - (c) the name of the award under which the employee is working;
 - (d) the number of hours worked by the employee during each day and week, the times at which the employee started and stopped work, and details of work breaks including meal breaks;
 - (e) a weekly, daily or hourly wage rate details of the wage rate for each week, day, or hour at which the employee is paid;
 - (f) the gross and net wages paid to the employee;
 - (g) details of any deductions made from the wages; and
 - (h) contributions made by the employer to a superannuation fund

11.2.2 *The time and wages record must also contain:*

- (a) the employee's full name and address;
- (b) the employee's date of birth;
- (c) details of sick leave credited or approved, and sick leave payments to the employee;
- (d) the date when the employee became an employee of the employer;

- (e) if appropriate, the date when the employee ceased employment with the employer; and
- (f) if a Casual employee's entitlement to long service leave is worked out under section 47 of the Act the total hours, other than overtime, worked by the employee since the start of the period to which the entitlement relates, worked out to and including 30 June in each year.
- 11.2.3 The employer must keep the record for 6 years.
- 11.2.4 Such records shall be open to inspection during the employer's business hours by an inspector of the Department of Industrial Relations, in accordance with section 371 of the Act; or an Authorised industrial officer in accordance with sections 372 and 373 of the Act.

11.3 Union encouragement

Clause 11.3 gives effect to section 110 of the Act in its entirety. Consistent with section 110 a Full Bench of the Commission has issued a Statement of Policy on Union Encouragement (reported 165 QGIG 221) that encourages an employee to join and maintain financial membership of the Union.

11.3.1 Documentation to be provided by employer

At the point of engagement, an employer to whom this Award applies shall provide employees with a document indicating that a Statement of Policy on Union Encouragement has been issued by the Commission, a copy of which is to be kept on the premises of the employer in a place readily accessible by each employee.

The document provided by the employer shall also identify the existence of a Union encouragement clause in this Award.

11.3.2 Union delegates

Union delegates and job representatives have a role to play within a workplace. The existence of accredited Union delegates and/or job representatives is encouraged.

The employer shall not unnecessarily hinder accredited Union delegates and/or job representatives in the reasonable and responsible performance of their duties.

11.3.3 Deduction of union fees

Where arrangements can be entered into, employers are encouraged to provide facilities for the deduction and remittance of Union fees for employees who signify in writing to their employer, their desire to have such membership fees deducted from their wages.

SCHEDULE 1

List of Employers with Second Tier Orders which to varying degrees modify the provisions of this Award:

| Name | Case No. | Date of Order |
|------------------|----------|---------------|
| Lewins Pty. Ltd. | B315/89 | 03.06.89 |
| Vivam Pty. Ltd. | B738/89 | 18.09.89 |

Dated 30 January 2003.

By the Commission, [L.S.] E. EWALD, Industrial Registrar.

Operative Date: 24 March 2003